The Centre Reporter.

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THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED KURTZ, -- EDITOR

Democratic State Ticket

For Auditor General,
ROBERT E. WRIGHT, of Lehigh Co.

For State Treasurer,
A. L. TILDEN, of Erie County.

Delegates to Constitutional Convention,

Chas R. Buckalew.	Chauncy F. Black.
George A Jenks.	Geo. M. Dallas.
Samuel G. Thompson.	David W Sellers.
Henry N. Scott.	Robert E. Monoghan.
Wm. S. McLean.	F. M. Vandling.
John Latta.	Rodger Sherman.
William Welhe.	Thomas Lazare.
Samuel Griffith.	Grant Weidman.
George W. Zeigler.	R. Morgan Root.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Delegate to Constitutional Convention,
ELLIS L. ORVIS.

Jury Commissioner—GEORGE BOWER.

Centre county will give from 800 to 900 Democratic majority in November.

The croaker is one who is jealous of anothers good deeds, and is a failure in all he undertakes.

The farmers pay the taxes and the Quay crowd steal them.

James Schofield is making it red hot for some of his assailants in Bellefonte—his is a lash of scorpions upon their backs.

Vote for Wright and Tilden and keep the robbers out of office. No thieving of state funds with those two men in office.

Every vote should be gotten out on election day. Democrats attend to this and Centre county will roll up her usual majority.

A movement is on foot to organize a National Bank at Philipsburg, with a capital of $50 000, which is nearly all taken in shares of $100.

It is of great importance that every vote be polled on election day. Democrats, do not allow one to remain away, but get out the full vote, and the Democratic party is sure of victory.

Morrison and Gregg will surely be defeated if the entire Democratic vote is polled on election day. The people are disgusted with the looting of the state treasury and a change in its administration is in order.

The farmer justly complains of high taxes. That's not the worst—when he has paid his heavy taxes, then the Bardsleys, Boyers, McCamants, and the rest of 'em, steal the money. Vote for Wright and farmer Tilden and put a stop to the stealing.

The majority of the senate are in a bad fix. They would like to whitewash Boyer and McCamant, but they know that's death to go before the people with. Then they pretend they will investigate the Bardsley robbery to the bottom, and that would put all the bosses to prison. Now what to do is the worry with them.

The supreme court has decided that the directors of a bank are not liable when it is looted and wrecked, but that the president of the bank is the responsible party, directors being mere figureheads who never do any directing about the management of the bank. The president and other officers are the responsible ones for any crookedness.

The Evangelical Association in session at Indianapolis, is taking every precaution against the inroads of secession, and also to thoroughly weed out the schismatics now claiming to be the church After having dealt with the bishops without fear or mercy, it has now detached every clergyman in sympathy with the rebellious element, and lastly similar action has been taken with regard to church members, making it the law that all who withdraw have forfeited all their rights in so doing. Hereafter no candidate for the ministry will be admitted if he is addicted to the tobacco habit,

A gigantic irrigation scheme is on foot in Colorado. The Water Storage and Supply company has undertaken the most gigantic irrigation scheme in the history of the west, which means the diversion of the waters of the Grand river to the eastern slope. A tunnel will be bored through the range to tap the stream, and the water conveyed to the plains by small creeks and prehistoric streams to a natural reservoir, which will hold millions of gallons of water The people of Western Colorado threaten a law suit if the scheme is carried out, as the Grand river is the main source of their water supply.

The Governor's Message.

The message which Governor Pattison yesterday sent to the State Senate, convened in extraordinary session, is remarkable, most of all, for the grave matters which are the subject of it, remarkable for the circumstances which demanded it, and remarkable for the clearness, directness and forcibleness with which it presents the evidence which has been with such careful, sagacious judgment and judicial skill gathered and compressed into an indictment as notable for its comprehensiveness as for its overwhelming array of inculpating facts, circumstances and documents. It should have been, under our law, impossible for the chief Magistrate of the State to frame such an indictment, the circumstances demanding it should have been similarly impossible of realization, and it should have been impossible for the Governor, or for any one, to arraign with such conciseness and directness any public servants who were elected to high position of trust and responsibility by the deliberately exercised will of the people. But the indictment has been—had to be—framed, as the circumstances fully warranted it, and the arraignment of the Auditor General and State Treasurer had to be made, in view of the mass of testimony produced which rendered the making of it an imperative duty.

There is little in the matter of Governor Pattison's message which is absolutely new; it is the masterful, honest, fearless manner of the reformulation, the grouping, the placing in natural sequence, the binding together as a whole of old matters, unfortunately familiar enough to the public through the published proceedings of investigating bodies, which makes it of such great and common interest, and which gives it character, dignity and impressiveness. Through every paragraph of it there shines clearly as truth itself the light of a high official duty done, of public spirited purpose fulfilled.

If this message served no other purpose than that, which it so admirably serves, of carrying conviction to every intelligent, unprejudiced reader of it of the unquestionable propriety, of the imperative obligation which Governor Pattison owed to himself, his fellow citizens and the law to call the Senate to meet in extraordinary season to inquire into the "grave charges" so commonly made against the Auditor General and the State Treasurer, to the end that their innocence or guilt might be established, its author would still be more than justified in formulating and presenting it to the public through the Senate.

Whether or not it is conclusive of the guilt incompetency errors of any one is for the Senate alone, to which body it is addressed to declare, but that it gives "reasonable cause" for and exhaustive inquiry of the subject-matters of it may be authoritatively declared by any one who has eyes to read and mind to form a just opinion. The message cuts the last bit of stable ground from under the feet of those who stated or insinuated that Governor Pattison had been actuated by the basest partisan motive in calling the Senate to meet in extraordinary session; it not only does that, but it covers with shame those who so impugned his purposes. Governor Pattison needs no testimonials to sustain his character for invincible personal or official integrity, for purity of motive in his public or private acts, for high courage and fidelity to duty. If he did need them, they would be found in his call to the Senate and in the message which he yesterday sent to it. It is a message which concerns the whole body of the people of this Commonwealth and city not less than the Senate that is to pass upon it.

The Pittsburg Presbytery of the Ref. Presbyterian church has passed the following resolution: "Your committee recommends that the presbytery record its condemnation of all secret societies, whether among farmers, mechanics, or any other class, and declare against the propriety of any of our members being identified with such secret organizations, though known as working leagues, or workingmen's associations. Inasmuch as the synod has instructed its standing committee to investigate the standing of such leagues and organizations, and report upon them next year, we would recommend that in any undetermined case, sessions await the action of the next synod." The report was unanimously adopted, after which the presbytery adjourned.

Blaine will be a candidate. A gentleman who recently had a talk with Mr. Manly at Augusta Me., quotes that gentleman as saying that the Maine delegation would not present the name of Mr. Blaine as a candidate before the Republican national convention, Mr. Blaine having expressed a desire that the Maine delegation should not make him a candidate and that if, however, his name was presented by some other delegation and he was nominated he would not decline.

An Alleged Republican Deal.

Republican politicians in Washington are boasting that they have arranged a deal with two professional farmers to throw the vote of the Farmers' Alliance organization in Pennsylvania this year to D. McM. Gregg, Quay's candidate for auditor general. The names of these two men are Colonel H. C. Demming, of Harrisburg, and R. H. Thomas, of Mechanicsburg.

Demming has lately taken an active interest in the Farmers' Alliance organization, and it is said has attained considerable influence. He is a professional agitator and manipulator and has in his time played the part of labor reformer, Greenbacker, Republican, Democrat and Farmers' Alliance man. R. H. Thomas is a gentleman who has been handling the grangers and farmers' organization of the state, whether for disinterested or personal motives is a question perhaps open for dispute. Incidentally, he runs a circus at Williams' Grove, out of which he manages to make on farmers, at ten cents a head, about $6,000 a year.

If the boast of these Republican politicians is true that these two men have sold out to Senator Quay they may find difficulty, now that the deal is made public, in carrying out the terms of the contract. It is sometimes easier to buy alleged political leaders than it is to deliver the votes.

A Hint to Cigar Dealers.

An attache of the Internal Revenue Department drops this warning hint: "The enactments of the sale of cigars appear to be very imperfectly understood by tobacconists and others engaged in their sale, and those who are interested in the matter ought to closely study some new features of the law on this subject. For example, a dealer who takes out a handful of cigars and lays them before a customer to choose from, or a saloon-keeper who brings a cigar on a plate or a tumbler, as most of them do, makes himself liable to a fine of $100 and other disagreeable consequences besides. The government law says "Cigars must be sold to the customer direct from the properly stamped box."

Reaper Death.

On last Thursday, Oct. 8th, Mrs. Sarah E., wife of John Siegle, died at her residence at Penn Hall, aged 27 years, 8 months and 25 days. The interment took place on last Sunday at Madisonburg, the services being conducted by Rev. Addams, of the Reformed church. Mrs. Siegel lingered about two years with consumption and took her bed four days before her death. She was a faithful and loving wife and her husband has the sympathy of all his acquaintances in his bereavement.—*Millheim Journal.*

Presented to the Church.

Mrs. Mollie A. Ross presented the Presbyterian congregation with a fine Communion service. It is of silver and six pieces constitute the set, two plates, two goblets, baptismal bowl, and pitcher. The set is of heavy silver and is gold lined. Mrs. Ross was one of the most earnest workers in the erection of the church and contributed largely towards it.

Farmers are Awake.

A. L. Tilden, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, is very sanguine of Democratic success, and predicts that a larger percentage of farmers will oppose the Republican ticket this year than during the Delamater campaign. He and Robert E. Wright have been through a part of the coal regions and in Bradford county, and the condition of affairs is of the most encouraging kind.

The Plan Worked!

A western church has originated the idea of engaging a brass band for its Sunday services hoping thereby to bring in sinners—not in the band, but those who would rather hear a band than a sermon. The first Sunday the preacher was crowded out of his pulpit and was compelled to preach from the top of a chair The next Sunday he came ten minutes late and was unable to gain admission to his own church.

Bardsley is to be brought before the senate to testify. If he tells all he knows, goodness what will become of the Republican leaders!—"honest John" would get lots of company in prison.

Democrats, get out the vote. There is only a little over a week intervening until the election and not a moment should be lost in working for the ticket. Get out the full vote and the victory is ours.

Judge Orvis is one of McCamant's counsel in the investigation now going on before the state senate.

The two honest men who will not betray their trust and oath if elected to office are Wright and Tilden. No robbery of state funds then.

WHO STOLE THIS MONEY.

How a Million Dollar Claim Was Compromised by a Railroad Company.

The *Patriot* Monday morning printed the following: To-night the investigation of the methods and conduct of the departments of the Auditor general and the state treasurer formally begins. It is likely to be pushed to a speedy conclusion if only the evidence submitted to the joint legislative committee and the Philadelphia councils committee be presented. But the *Patriot* is of the opinion that other evidence as to the loose methods and "customs" of these departments should be offered.

Let us give an example. On May 1, 1888, Thomas McCamant for the then auditor general made what is known as a tax settlement with the Philadelphia and Erie railroad for tax on capital stock interest and penalties amounting to about $1,000.000, due the commonwealth for a period of some nine years. In January following the state treasurer approved this settlement The amount of this claim was based upon the appraised value of common stock and special stock at three and six mills, as per different acts, penalty for not reporting (10 per cent.) and interest at 12 per cent. An appeal was filed by the railroad company a few days after the state treasurer approved the settlement. The usual delays of litigation followed.

SETTLED FOR ONE DOLLAR IN TWELVE.

In November of that year it was formally argeed between the attorney general and counsel for defendant that the case should be tried without a jury and the records show nothing further until the entry of settlement is made in March of the present year.

Settled for what amount? A claim certified by the auditor general and state treasurer as just and proper, and for which suit was instituted by the attorney general for $816,922.91, which with interest reached about $1,000,000 settled for less than one-twelfth of this sum, or as the Dauphin county court records show, $75,000, and the commissions of the attorney general $3,750, and cost of suit, $5,90!

This was a suit, it will be remembered, against the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad company, whose road is leased, operated, controlled and virtually owned by one of the greatest and

MOST POWERFUL CORPORATIONS

in the United States, the Pennsylvania railroad company. The amount had been definitely fixed upon, in accordance with the laws, by the proper officers. The effect of such settlement by these officers is to make a complete prima facie case for the commonwealth, so that in a suit brought to recover the amount thus adjudicated the commonwealth need only show the record and await whatever answer or proof the defendant may have to offer. The record discloses no reason why this enormous sum found to be due by these officers should have dwindled down to the paltry amount which went into the state treasury.

This seems bad enough, indeed, but worse followed. The railroad company paid nearly $100,000 in settlement of the case and the difference between this amount and the amount that appears as paid on the court records lodged some where! Into whose pockets did it go? To whose fingers did it stick? Is this another of the innocent "customs" that prevail in the management of the finances of the State?

To Business Men.

What would a town be without a newspaper? We have often wondered. The newspaper pushes every enterprise, helps every business and stays with every business man. And yet there are lots of men who have achieved success by the help of newspaper's gratis work and have not carried an ad or taken a single subscription. Stay with your home paper and keep it up to the standard of the best papers by giving it your hearty support.

Fine Apples.

Miss Ella Hosterman has presented the REPORTER with a basket of as fine apples as one can lay his eyes on. They are from the orchard of her father, Alfred Hosterman, west of Centre Hill Miss Ella will accept our thanks for the apples.

What an Orange Will Do.

A physician makes the statement that if a person addicted to the use of intoxicants will eat an orange a half hour before breakfast every morning for three weeks, he will lose all taste for liquor and gain in health and strength.

Likely Lose it All

The school children of Philipsburg had $2,300 in the Philipsburg bank when it closed its doors last week, the entire proceeds of the school savings bank, introduced in the schools of that place last year. One boy is said to have had three hundred dollars of the fund alone.

Society's Curse.

Bad women, as well as bad men, are doing an endless amount of mischief at present in wrecking what might otherwise be happy homes, ruining fair prospects and putting stains on the names of children who feel the blistering effects as they go through the world. One bad woman in the neighborhood, be she married or single, is capable of a pollution in society that can only be equaled in enormity by one bad man, both in the demoralization of the same character, and the trouble is that such wretches cannot be properly dealt with until they have wrought wrecks all around them, and even then there is difficulty in bringing them to the punishment they deserve.

These pests of society lay in wait for their prey in all the paths of life, like reptiles crawling among flowers, or beasts ready to leap from unsuspected places of danger. There never was a time when society suffered more than it does now from this source of demoralization, and the trouble is that protection against it seems to be almost impossible. —*Daily Gazette.* The *Gazette* administers a hard slap in the face to some of its most intimate friends.

The Biggest Rattlesnak

Norris Harvey, a resident of Cascade twp., Lycoming county, while traveling along what is known as the Sugar Camp road, killed an immense rattlesnake, which measured four feet and five inches in length and wearing ten large rattles on his tail, showing that the creature had reached the age of twelve years. Rattlesnakes, it is said, seldom reach a greater length than three feet and the skin of this one has been placed in the hands of a taxidermist who will mount it for the futre inspection and wonder of the public.

Look Out for Them.

There are two scamps who are reported to be making a living by watching the papers for estray notices; then go separately to the person who has taken up the animal, identifying it and selling it to him. When a stranger calls regarding an animal you have taken up make him describe the animal before showing it to him and prove himself a responsible person before letting him have it or buying it from him.

A Snake Antidote.

James Keith, of Penn township Huntingdon county, says the best cure he has found for snake poison is lard. Several horses he has had that were bitten by snakes were cured by applying plenty of lard to the wound. He never tried it on a person who had been bitten, but has no doubt it would effect a cure.

No Services.

No services in the Reformed church next Sunday evening, Rev. Eisenberg will be absent attending the meeting of the Eastern synod, which convenes at Harrisburg on Wednesday evening of this week. The West Susquehanna Classis, comprising in its district Centre, Union and Snyder counties, sends three ministers and three elders as delegates.

Caters to Their Wants.

People who grumble at a sermon forty minutes long will stand for two hours patiently listening to a political address and yell themselves hoarse beside. The reason is that the preacher is apt to tramp on their corns while the political orator flatters their prejudices.

Poor Enough Now.

Banker Dill lived like a prince and spent $50,000 a year. Now he is penniless and his wife and daughters say that they will do anything honorable even to taking in washing, to help the husband and father out of debt.

Rain.

Monday morning started in with rain, which is needed to help along the late sowing, and to start the water supply for the approaching winter. There has been no scarcity of water as yet. The rain continued all day Tuesday.

Still None From Centre Hall.

In the list of jurors drawn for the next special and regular term of court, no juror will be summoned from Centre Hall. This same state of affairs occurred in the list for last term. Is it that there are no available men in our limits, or only a slip of the wheel?

A Short Will.

The shortest will on record is in the register's office in Luzerne county. It was written by a blind girl, was probated after her death without question and disposed of a large estate. It read as follows: "Emily R. Miner is my heir."

25 Cents Per Day.

The County Commissioners propose to reduce the price paid the jail warden from 30 to 25 cents per head for boarding prisoners. The new rule takes effect January 1st 1892.

Remedy for Diphtheria

The Scientific American suggests for diphtheria that raw onions be placed in a bandage and beaten into a pulp, the cloths containing onions, juice and all, should then be bound about the throat and well up over the ears. Renewals may be made as often as the mass becomes dry. In most cases noticed the result was almost magical, deadly pain yielding in a short time to sleepy comfort. The editor adds a wish that this remedy might have a wide enough trial to fully test its usefulness.

Skull Fractured.

Charles Winners, a puddler at the Bellefonte nail works had his skull fractured on Tuesday evening, and will die from the injuries received. Winners was in the act of running an ingot of red hot metal from his furnace to the rolls. The man whose duty it is to turn the switch failed to do so in time and the heavy iron carrier fell on Mr. Winners head knocking him senseless. He was taken to Garmans' hotel where he now lies still unconscious. It is a question if he will recover.

Marriage Licenses.

Following is the list of marriage licenses issued during the past week from the register's office Bellefonte:

William D. Bartges, of Millheim, and Mary E. Elgin, of Logan Mills.

A. G. Gardner and Emma E. Bush, of Union township.

C. D. Loraine and Katie L. Childs both of Philipsburg.

William Gisewhite and Cordia Williams, both of Philipsbuag.

Guaranteed Cure for La Grippe.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell you Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs Colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with La Grippe and will use this remedy according to directions, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We make this offer, because of the wonderful success of Dr. King's New Discovery during last season's epidemic. Have heard of no case in which it failed. Try it. Trial bottle free at J. D. Murray's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

Five Tickets to be Voted.

The election takes place two weeks from Tuesday. Five tickets are to be voted as follows: State, Delegates at Large, For or against the Convention, District Delegates and County. Under the head of the first, the elector will vote for candidates for Auditor General and State Treasurer, under the second, the delegates at large to the Constitutional Convention, third, for or against the Constitutional Convention, fourth, for the district delegates to the Convention, fifth, Jury Commissioner.

Approved the Hospital Site.

Gov. Pattison Monday approved the report of the committee on the chronic insane, in which it selected as the site for the proposed State hospital a tract of 545 acres, eight miles from Reading on the Lebanon Valley, known as the "South Mountain site." The price is $77,000.

How to Keep Apples.

A Chester county farmer of long experience says that the best way to keep apples is to allow them to remain in the orchard as long as possible. Then put shelves in a dry cellar and spread the apples upon them. He avers that he never had apples spoil on his hands when managed in this way.

Fine Display.

The largest and best line of trimmed and untrimmed hats ever opened in this county is on display at Snyder Sister's, at Bellefonte. All are invited to call and examine goods, style, work and prices and compare with others.

Read This.

When suffering from Malaria or Bilious Fever, don,t wreck your general health with quinine or other nauseaus drugs HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS NOS. TEN and SIXTEEN effect a speedy and permanent cure.

Married.

Mr. William Brown and Miss Mary E. Lee, both of Philipsburg, this county, were united in marriage by 'Squire J. A. Houseman, of Tusseyville.

To Start a New Bank.

A movement is on foot at Philipsburg to establish a National Bank there. One-fourth of the required capital stock has been subscribed.

Water Notice.

In order to make repairs on the water mains, the water will be turned off tomorrow afternoon, Friday 23rd, from all south of the Luthdran church.

——Mr. Will Romick, one of Centre Hall's promising young men, is canvassing for a valuable new book; he is reliable and worthy of patronage.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

Toilettes of white have never had such a grand success, and with good reason, for there is an air of elegance and distinction about these toilettes which surpasses those of all others. The wools, nun's veiling and embroidered muslins are simply marvelous. This year, after the races at Trouville and Dieppe, a large number of the most fashionable set who never leave Paris during the winter except for the carnival at Nice, have decided to spend a few weeks at Cannes or at Nice, where the superb villas and the hotels full of comfort and of an exquisite temperature, renders their sojourn one of perfect delight.

This idea is the result merely of a desire for a few weeks of repose, so we find transferred to these beautiful spots our Parisian *boulevards*. The roads here are marvelously well kept and every thing is most charming. The flowers were never so bright or the air sweeter with their perfume. One takes charming drives or, still more agreeable, sails on the gulf for the squadron stationed here proves to be an attraction without a rival. Among the large number of pretty women to be found here are seen the most ravishing toilettes.

The beautiful Marquise X, is often seen in a boating costume of white serge; the skirt straight, and the bodice open on a Toreador plastron of puffed muslin, the puffs being separated by rows of insertion. A small rolling collar and a black silk cravat. With this she wore a sailor hat of straw trimmed with a black and white striped ribbon. Jackets of flannel and in white cloth are much worn. They are very coquettish and at the same time very healthful, being light and sufficiently warm. The are worn open, on a front of old guipure falling in a jabot over a full front of colored surah or crepon.

For evening wear many half-large mantles are seen, somewhat like a pelisse, with large capes of old cream-colored guipure or Chantilly. The body of the garment is of coachman's cloth, red or light blue, and the flounce of lace falls a little below the waistline. Bretelles continue to be all the rage and many robes of foulard are coquettishly trimmed with these, forming butter-fly knots on the shoulders. Many *mitten* sleeves extending even to the top of the hand are also worn, but those young women whose hands and arms are really like works of art, are beginning to rebel against this cruel fashion by wearing half-long sleeves.

For city wear, gloves extend beneath the sleeve and cover the arm. We have seen a pretty American wearing a porte-monnaie glove, which is very practical as well as orginal.

No. 1235.

With the pocket placed one knows not where in the skirt, and which requires not less than an hour to find, a woman prefers to have every thing, so to speak, under her hand. This is why she slips her handkerchief under her belt, and why she carries on her arm a chain from which depends all sorts of things, and also why a glove porte-monnaie is a practical idea.

The style for shoes, is, according to *Feneton*, to come up high on the foot and close with a strap. For the morning, yellow shoes with the strap closed with copper hooks are in demand; for full toilette, patent leather shoes with large buckles of jet or silver which almost cover the foot.

Stockings are of a richness as yet unsurpassed. In color black is given the preference. Stockings to wear with shoes, of which we have just spoken, have embroidered or open worked clocks; the most elegant ones have the open work of lace fine as a spider's web and most beautiful in effect. There are also the lace stockings and the open work, embroidered stockings with insertions of jet and steel, veritable marvels and signs of an elegance refined to the highest point.

FELICE LESLIE.

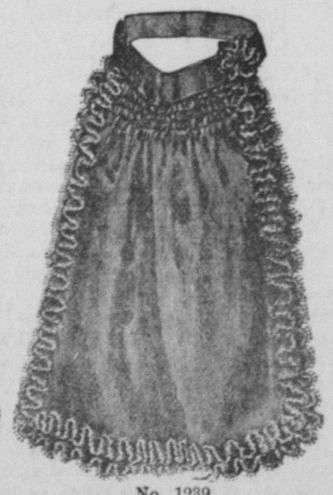
No. 1236.

No 1237.

No. 1235. TRAVELING COSTUME.—Our illustration shows a gown of dark blue serge trimmed with cream-colored braid in two widths. The full waistcoat is of blue surah ornamented at the waist and throat with rows of the braid put on to form points. The jacket bodice with square revers and pocket laps is also ornamented with the braid. The sleeves have straight cuffs of surah trimmed with braid.

No. 1233.

PETTICOAT.—No. 1236, illustrates a petticoat of striped cream and chestnut brown taffeta, edged with a deep frill of lace.



No. 1239.

No. 1237. STREET COSTUME.—For this costume tan-colored tweed ornamented with a gold cord arranged in points is employed. The jacket bodice ornamented with cord opens on a plain waistcoat of *Modare* silk closed in the centre with buttons and cut in V shape to let in a plastron of dotted linen with high collar of the same. The skirt slightly draped in front is trimmed with cord and slashed on the left side to display a pointed panel of the silk. Full sleeves of cloth caught by bands and knots of silk, half way above the elbow, to form puffs. Deep cuffs of silk almost reaching the elbow. Hat of brown felt trimmed with ribbon and pheasant wings.

No. 1240

No. 1238. TUDOR CAPE.—Russian green cashmere is used for this garment which is lined with Salmon-colored surah. The yoke, collar and front pleats are studded with large cut jet Cabochons.

No. 1241.

No. 1239. SURAH APRON.—This neat apron is made of a breadth of colored surah, which is shirred at the top and attached to a pointed belt. The edge is trimmed with a lace ruche.

No. 1240. TROUVILLE JACKET.—Mushroom faced cloth, is employed for this jacket, the sleeves, collar and lapels of which are ornamented with an applique work in either red or dark brown velvet outlined with gold and silk cord; it is lined throughout with plaid silk and may by worn open or closed as desired. Slanting pocket laps are placed on the hips.

No. 1242.

No. 1241. SCHOOL DRESS FOR A YOUNG GIRL.—Plain bodice and round skirt, in Chardou cordurette, ornamented with soutache embroidery which covers the sleeves, the fancy pointed yoke, pointed belt and also the hem across the front of the plain skirt.

No. 1243,

No. 1242. DRESS FOR A LITTLE BOY.—Box-pleated skirt of golden brown cashmere, the bodice at the back made like a long blouse fitting to the figure and in front like a jacket, which opens over a full vest and a chemisette with a standing collar which can be changed at pleasure. The jacket fronts are turned over as revers and the neck is finished with a sailor collar. The cuffs of the full sleeves and the vest front are of gray plaided silk. The dress skirt should be mounted on a close-fitting under waist buttoned in the back.

No. 1243. FANCY BODICE.—Close-fitting bodice and sleeves of Thermidor silk, trimmed with jet galloon and black cord which outlines the front, the darts and other seams.

No. 1244.

Embroidered bands in iridescent jet are placed around the throat, the waist and wrists. Wired epaulettes of black lace, pleated ruff for the neck and deep pleated flounce finishes the bodice. Clusters of jet lozenges ornament the sleeves.

No. 1245. BACK VIEW.

No. 1244. FALL WRAP FOR A YOUNG GIRL.—This fancy cape is cut *decollete* and opens on a jacket bodice of the same deep, gray cloth. The jacket bodice is buttoned in the centre of the front and around the waist is draped a scarf of gray silk. A ruche of gray feathers encircles the neck. The cape, open in front, is ornamented with a narrow embroidered design, has large puffs of cloth on the shoulders and is held in front by an ornamental Brandebourg.

No. 1245.

RECEPTION GOWN.—No. 1245, is of black brocaded *peau de soie* in a large fish scale pattern, with jet for trimming. The pointed bodice has a shield shaped front edged with narrow jet galloon and ornamented with drop trimming; it is cut down at the throat and filled in with folds of net, with a flaring Stuart collar at the back. A jet trimmed panel is placed on the right side of the skirt and trimming to match crosses the front of the foot; high shouldered sleeves trimmed at the wrists with the same jet trimming.

No. 1246.

JABOT OF CHIFFON.—No. 1246. Three yards of pink chiffon bordering embroidered in a bow knot pattern are used to make this jabot. The chiffon is gathered in a ruffle four inches wide, which is set around both sides of a narrow band of foundation muslin long enough to reach from throat to waist; the surplus heading is impleated in a ruche that is set down the middle.

FISH SCALE EMBROIDERY.

Nearly everyone has seen the jewelry and ornaments made from fish scales, but very few are aware of their exceeding beauty in other ways. For ornamenting various articles of home adornment nothing can exceed in exquisite effect the opalescent tints of fish scales wrought upon a velvet, satin or silk ground.

The first exquisite is a box of large white fish scales of all sizes. These may be saved and dried from time to time in the kitchen. The best scales are the brilliant iridescent tints and deep serrations found in the perch and some varieties of carp, though many other kinds may be found that are also beautiful; and if at any time you should be so unfortunate as to loose one or more of your golden pets from the aquarium be sure to immortalize him by preserving his shining and brilliantly colored scales, which in this work are rare treasures. The scales are prepared while quite fresh, or by soaking in clear water until soft and pliable, when each one is perforated with two minute punctures near the base by a stout darning needle fastened in a wooden handle. Have ready a quantity of silks of different shades of green and yellow, some large-eyed sharp needles, and if desirable, a number of tubes of paint and sable brushes. Those who paint in oil will find the work improved by judicious tinting, although beautiful effects may be obtained without coloring the scales. Stamp the pattern carefully on the satin or velvet, and when thoroughly dry you are ready for the embroidery.

Suppose a rose is to be wrought. First fasten a ring of the smallest scales around the center, with a gold or pearl bead as a heart around which to work. Add one row after another, folded as the petals of a natural rose, that is, cupped inward: then selecting larger scales, arrange the outer rows, opened outward along the edge of the rose, and making one row overlap the other, so as to conceal the stitches by which they are attached.

In making daisies, or other flowers of like form, the scales are first sewed round the outer edges, repeating the circles in gradually diminishing sizes till the centre of the flower is reached, which is formed in large flowers by a cluster of ornamental beads, and in small ones by a single bead or button. Amber, gold and opal beads are remarkably effective introduced in certain parts of this work, as these most nearly resemble the true "hearts" or centers of natural flowers.

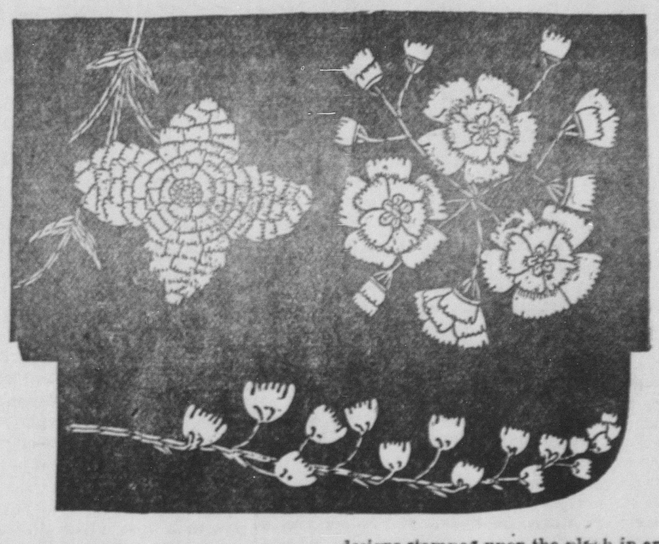
The leaves are formed by sewing the scales flatly upon each side of the midrib, which should be made by means of lightest green embroidery silk, as also the veins and small leaf stems. Small leaves or those of "compound" form, are well made in fish scales by cutting them into proper form with sharp-pointed scissors. When such single scales are used it is not possible to hide the stitches; therefore, after passing the needle (threaded with silk) through a hole in the centre of the base, carry it straight to the end, where pass through another hole, (downward); and if necessary make two or three side veins in like manner, thus producing a lovely effect.

We sometimes combine in this work the lovely little pearl shells sold by the ounce in the stores, and a little gold thread and fine chenille of various colors, which produce wonderfully beautiful effects.

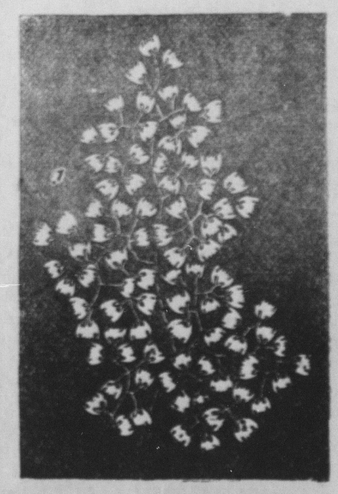
There are many other articles that may be ornamented with fish scale embroidery. To make a whisk broomholder cut a funnel-shaped piece of green satin or plush. It is best to have it stamped if one cannot work free hand. A pattern of roses and leaves is very nice for this. Place nine large scales in a circle as large as a quarter; fasten each by a stitch of white silk through the inner end of each. Just overlapping the stitches place seven scales, fasten in the same manner and place scales till the center is full. Finish by a few French knots of yellow silk. Make two roses, and three buds by using three scales for each bud. Outline stems for each with green silk, using a trifle of yellow to shade. Now, with small, sharp shears serrate the edges of a number of scales for leaves. Place them alternately on each side of a stem, and vein them with silk as they are sewed on. Of course, the pattern is to be followed as to the number of leaves and buds. Now, the roses and buds may be lightly shaded with rose madder and white, and the leaves touched with light green, or they may be left white.

A beautiful design was seen, worked on a dark plush handbag, the silk being creamy rope silk, and no color used in the work. It resembled pearl very much at a little distance. A handbag of crimson satin has a design of fern leaves. Outline three careless lines as ribs with rope silk. Cut the scales deeply, making them long and narrow, and place them closely along the stems, on both sides exactly opposite. A real fern is of use to look at in placing scales. The "maiden hair" (see illustration) may be copied in the same manner. Sew through the tiny scales with silk to represent midribs.

A beautiful mantel lambrequin is of peacock blue plush worked with lilies of the valley and rosebuds. Have the



designs stamped upon the plush in any way to suit the fancy, or as may suit style of makeup. Cut the scales in the shape of tiny bells. Fasten in their places by stitches of green silk in the top of each, as in the illustration. Outline the curved stems and long stem with shaded green silk. A large cluster of these should be placed together. Leaves may be worked in Kensington with arrasene, if desired. The rosebuds, which may be scattered carelessly over the plush as if dropped there, are made with three scales fastened ab stitches of green, and the soft foliagy is worked at the same time, as well the stems.

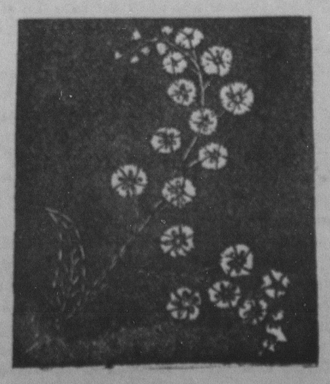


A letter case with natural daisies may be made of a palm-leaf fan. Cover with satin and shirr a pocket on the lower half. Long stems are worked with green silks and daisies made of the scales are placed on the pocket and above it. Cut the scales long and sew thickly around a round scale. Cover this with French knots of yellow.

A book cover of brown plush worked with "Brown-eyed Susans" in fish scales and embroidery is easily done and a beautiful picture frame for a photograph is of old gold plush, with pansies in fish scales. These may be colored to resemble pansies exactly.

We earnestly advise our readers to try this fascinating work for there seems to be no end to the ways in which it may be used, while it is very beautiful, easily done and within the reach of any purse. Those who cannot print or embroider can easily follow a stamped pattern with fish scales and outline stitch. The more ambitious worker may design a banner, worked with a bouquet of flowers with birds, butterflies and insects hovering over them.

For this article with the accompanying cuts we are indebted to the courtesy of the publisher of the *Modern Priscilla*, Lynn, Mass.



Strictly speaking, the only precious stones are the diamond, ruby, sapphire and emerald, though there is often extended to the opal, notwithstanding its lack of hardness, and to the pearl, which is not a mineral, but strictly an animal product. Popularly, a gem is a precious or semi-precious stone when cut or polished for ornamental purposes

THE CHEAT OF TEARS.

Tears that fall so easily
In our April years;
Raining o'er a broken 'oy;
Falling o'er a vanished joy;
Like soft useless dewdrops gleaming
O'er a maiden's broken dreaming;
Brimming up without disguise
In the boy's brown wistful eyes;
Tears that, scarcely shed, are dry,
As the sunlight sweeps the sky.
Oh, the cheat of tears!

Tears that fall so bitterly
In our bright June years;
O'er our first love's fearless trust,
Trampled in the world's hot dust;
O'er the hope whose sunny sweetness
Wrapped our life in its completeness,
Ere it shrank and died away
In the glare of common day;
Tears half welcome as they fell,
Since they sanctified "Farewell,"
Oh, the cheat of tears!

Tears that fall so sparsely
In our autumn years;
Falling, burning, one by one,
O'er the hope whose reign is done;
O'er the darlings laid to rest;
O'er our first ties, and our best;
O'er the aim that strove and failed;
O'er the faith by doubt assailed;
Tears of hopeless, helpless grief;
Tears that mock the word "relief."
Oh, the cheat of tears!

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

We're never to old to unlearn.

Act first and promise afterward.

Moderation in all things is success.

Memory gilds the days of childhood.

Lilies and weeds are alike to the p'gs.

Homesickness is a disease of the memory.

What is leisure to the rich, is laziness to the poor.

The grief which all hearts share, grows less for one.

Candor doesn't necessitate treading on other people's corns.

Beware of the man who feigns to be amused when he is angry.

There is nothing like this daily grind for sharpening a man's wits.

Temptations are a file that rubs off the rust of self-confidence.

It is better to put your money in your children than in real estate.

Give the flowers their solitude and nature will guard them well.

It's a mistake to suppose that the social lion is the king of beasts.

The baby, the clock and the tea-kettle furnish the true home music.

The sea is music, and Pan and Apollo are the streams and the winds.

Each blade of grass has a purpose; why not each man and woman?

Some men and women become acquainted through their children.

The locust sings every seventeen years; why not some poets locusts?

Great execution is done by him who is proficient in hanging up others.

The air of condescension never yet ventilated a poor tenement house.

When a man weighs his words you may be sure that he is well balanced.

An average awkward squad makes a good display of a wheel within a wheel.

The world is full of men who never forget a promise that is made to them.

It's always more agreeable to tell the truth about one's neighbors than one's self.

The man who has to hoe his own row is foolish to befoul the soil with wild cats.

You cannot repent too soon, because you do not know how soon it may be too late.

A girl never goes by her brother without saying something about a "dirty boy."

A girl of eighteen has more sense in the matrimonial way than a man of thirty.

The word of an earnest man with plenty of conscience and heart is as fire to powder.

A faithful friend in adversity is better than a calm sea to a weather beaten mariner.

When you accept your friend's invitation he usually wishes he had not been quite so urgent.

Some people seem to imagine that preordination offers an excellent excuse for a life failure.

Our generation appears to a thoughtful mind ungirt and frivolous compared with the last age.

A man sat on a fence and whittled a stick; another plowed the field at his side; which was the laborer?

One reason why some people are not so wicked as others is because they haven't had so good a chance.

It takes a man to break up the friendship between women, and a woman to break up friendship between men.

When a woman loves a man she wants to die for his sake; when a man loves a woman he wants to live for her sake.

Always something lost in achievement. Always some water that drips from the drawn up bucket in the sand.

There are two things to which we never grow accustomed—the ravages of time and the injustice of our fellowmen.

The most charitable thing that can be done for some people is to lie about them when you are asked to tell the truth.

The average man not only wants $2 for every dollar's worth of work he does, but a good deal of "appreciation" besides.

An unmarried person knows no more about marriage than a man can know of what is inside a book by the appearance of the cover.

When a man does finally become so good that he is patient with a woman, all the credit he gets is that people say he is afraid of her.

Whether it be for hope, for joy, for consolation, or for inspiration, the future must, after all, be the grand object of the eye of faith.

Out of suffering comes the serious mind; out of salvation, the grateful heart; out of endurance, fortitude; out of deliverance, faith.

It is indeed a pleasant sight to see a family dwelling together in peace and unity and gladness. Neither the poet nor the painter can describe a happier scene.

A SONG FOR FATHER, TOO.

The world is better for the songs
That tell of mother's love;
Their sweetest echoes o'er shall float
Around the Throne above.
But do you ever pause to think,
At eve when work is through,
That zephyrs from the south should bring
A song for father, too?

May summer's choicest petals fall
On mossy banks we know,
To take away the chill we feel
When comes the drifting snow.
Yet while we weep beside the mound
Where sleeps a mother true,
Let grateful teardrops bear to earth
A song for father, too.

The blades of memory's grass are green,
For the hand that smoothed our brow;
We feel again the gentle touch
Where silver mingles now.
Yet when the night bird's saddest notes
Bring thoughts our childhood knew,
Let not the heart forget to sing
A song for father, too.

Henry Denver, in Springfield Republican.

AN AGENT'S STRATAGEM

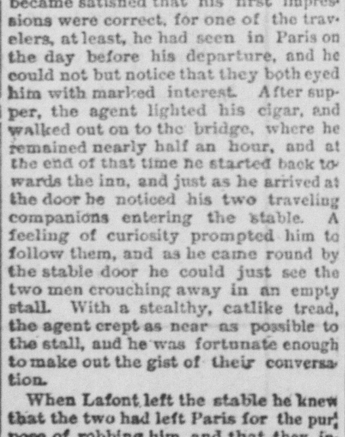
Neat Way in Which Two Robbers Were Outwitted.

AUGUSTINE LAFONT was the confidential agent of a heavy banking house in Paris. Early in the spring of 1832 he set out from Paris with bills, notes, drafts, etc., to the amount of over a million francs, for a house in Chaumont, and much secrecy had been observed in the preparations for his journey, as the kingdom was, at that time, infested by a secret organization of thieves. Lafont had the notes concealed in various parts of his dress, and taking the heavy diligence as his best mode of conveyance, he set out on his mission.

Nothing worthy of note occurred to arrest Lafont's attention, until he had passed nearly through the department of the Seine and Marne, when, just at nightfall, two well-dressed gentlemen hailed the diligence, and claimed passage to Chaumont. It was already too dark for the agent to clearly distinguish the features of the newcomers, but yet from what little he could see he at once made up his mind that their countenance were not unfamiliar to him, and having come to this conclusion, he determined to watch their movements, for a vague suspicion that they had by some means become possessed of the secret of his business took possession of his mind.

The diligence crossed the Seine at Nogent, and there remained for the night. As soon as Lafont had opportunity to examine the countenances of the strangers at the supper-table, he became satisfied that his first impressions were correct, for one of the travelers, at least, he had seen in Paris on the day before his departure, and he could not but notice that they both eyed him with marked interest. After supper, the agent lighted his cigar, and walked out on to the bridge, where he remained nearly half an hour, and at the end of that time he started back towards the inn, and just as he arrived at the door he noticed his two traveling companions entering the stable. A feeling of curiosity prompted him to follow them, and as he came round by the stable door he could just see the two men crouching away in an empty stall. With a stealthy, catlike tread, the agent crept as near as possible to the stall, and he was fortunate enough to make out the gist of their conversation.

When Lafont left the stable he knew that the two had left Paris for the purpose of robbing him, and that they intended to put their plan in execution as soon as the diligence should have entered the department of Upper Marne. At first the agent thought of calling upon the *gens d'armes* and have the two men arrested, but then the evidence might not be sufficient to warrant such proceeding, and besides he would thereby give the secret of his mission to the cupidity of others who might be equally ready to rob him. He returned to the inn, and after considerable reflection he determined to procure a horse and secretly pursue his journey. Having come to this conclusion, he went to the driver of the diligence, and under the plea of having to remain in Nogent on especial business for a day or two, he settled his fare thus far; then he



"GOOD-MORNING, GENTLEMEN."

went to the stable and ordered a horse to be in readiness for him by three o'clock in the morning, at the same time enjoining upon the *garcon* the strictest secrecy with regard to his movements.

As soon as these arrangements were made Lafont retired to his room. He of course knew that his secret had got wings, and even in his proposed course he was not entirely free from danger. A million francs was a large sum, and if the two Parisian robbers had set their hearts upon its possession, he had yet some work to perform ere he would be entirely free from them. After revolving the thing over in his mind for some time a new idea struck him, and obtaining a number of useless papers, he neatly folded them in an envelope which he strongly sealed and bound with a blue ribbon.

At three o'clock in the morning, while it was yet very dark and before anyone else was stirring, Lafont quietly descended from his room and went to the stable. The *garcon* was easily aroused and in a few moments the agent was on his way to Chaumont. For two hours he rode on his way; but instead of pursuing the high road to Treves, he again crossed the Seine and kept along by the banks of the Aube. Daylight was just beginning to streak the eastern heavens when Lafont thought he heard the sound of horses behind him, and it was not long ere he knew that he was being pursued, and in ten minutes he was assured that the two robbers were after him. In a moment the agent leaped from the saddle and seizing a heavy stone he inflicted a severe bruise upon one of his horse's fore legs. The animal reared and plunged, but Lafont managed to hold him, and again mounting, he drove on, but the horse limped and staggered beneath the effects of the blow he had received and in a short time the two travelers came up.

"Ah! good morning, gentlemen," said the agent, as he reined in his lame steed, at the same time raising his hat with affable politeness. "So it seems you, too, are tired of the lumbering diligence."

"Yes," replied the formost of the two men, "the diligence did not exactly suit our convenience, so we took [illegible]"

"And are you bound to [illegible]?" asked Lafont.

"Yes—that is—probably."

"On business?"

"Yes, important business."

"That is fortunate," said Lafont with the utmost earnestness, "for you may, if you see fit, do me a great favor. I, too, have important business at Chaumont, but I fear that without assistance I shall not be able to accomplish it. I have, gentlemen, in my possession a vast amount of valuable papers, and intended to have continued on my way

THE AGENT CREPT AS NEAR AS POSSIBLE.

in the diligence, but at Nogent I received the intelligence that there was a plan on foot to rob me. Do not start, gentlemen, for what I tell you is true. And for that reason I set off thus alone, but my horse has met with a sad mishap, and I fear that the robbers, who, I think, are yet at Nogent, may overtake me. Now, if you are going directly to Chaumont, perhaps you would be willing to take my package in your charge and deliver it to M. Augient at his office. Anyone there will tell you where it is, then, if I am overhauled, the robbers will find nothing, and, of course, you will not be suspected. If you shall thus accommodate me you shall be suitably rewarded. What say you, gentlemen?"

The two men exchanged significant glances during these remarks; and after a moment's consultation one of them said

"You seem to be ready in trusting strangers, sir."

"Oh, not at all, sir," replied Lafont, with a frank smile. "I would much rather trust honest travelers than run the risk of meeting with robbers. You see just how I am situated, gentlemen; and if you will do me the favor I ask, you shall not regret it. I shall stop at Arcis, and change my horse, and then follow you."

"Well," said one of the men, "we will do your wish and meet you at M. Augient's office."

"Then I thank you most heartily," said Lafont, and as he spoke he took a closely-sealed packet from his bosom and handed it over. "In this," he said, "there are valuable papers, and I trust you will use all discretion in their care. Now the robbers may overhaul me as soon as they like."

After some further directions given in an honest, confiding manner, Lafont bade his new messengers Godspeed, and ere long they were out of sight. The agent turned his horse's head back toward Nogent, where he arrived in safety, and on the next morning he procured a guard and once more took the diligence. The robbers stopped at the first convenient place to examine their prize, but their chagrin can be better imagined than described when they found that they held only a securely-bound parcel of waste paper. They knew that they were suspected, and, of course, they dared not push the matter further.

M. Augustine Lafont spent a month in Chaumont, and when he returned to Paris almost the first object that met his eye was a chain gang of criminals just being sent to the galleys in Toulon, and among them he noticed his two friends of the highway. They had attempted a heavy robbery in the city and had been detected.—Yankee Blade.

With the idea of preserving the Gaelic language the Duke of Athol's daughter is preparing for the instruction of the Gaels of Perthshire in reading, writing and speaking their native tongue.

The Trans-Atlantic Steamship, Fuerst Bismarck, carries the pennant for speed, with a record of 19.78 knots per hour, her second being the City of Paris, with a record of 19.49 knots per hour.

POETESS AND INDIAN.

ROMANCE OF ELAINE GOODALE AND THE SON OF A SIOUX

The Educated Red Man Learned to Love the Berkshire Lass at Pine Ridge—He is Now a Doctor and She a Superintendent of Schools.

A pretty romance, says the Boston Herald, is that of Dr. Charles A. Eastman, the young Indian medical student who has been so well known in Boston and vicinity during the past few years, and Miss Elaine Goodale, one of the two sister poetesses of the Berkshire hills, whose engagement was announced on Christmas day. Both are now at Pine Ridge agency, Dr. Eastman as the government reservation physician, and not, as might be expected, joining his tribe, the Sioux, in fight; and Miss Goodale, as nurse, performing the most menial offices for the wounded with unfailing patience and tenderness.

The story of Dr. Eastman's life, which is here for the first time told in full, and of the romantic way in which he and Miss Goodale came to know each other, is interesting in the extreme.

Ohyiesa, the young Indian's real name—for, of course, "Eastman" was only adopted—was the son of a full-blood chief of the Sioux, who was taken prisoner at the famous Minnesota massacre, twenty-eight years ago, condemned to death, but was afterward pardoned by President Lincoln, having first been converted to Christianity while in prison.

The name Ohyiesa—pronounced O-wesha with the accent on the second syllable—means "winner," and the name has proved a most appropriate one, for the noble young Indian has thus far won his way to the highest in everything that he has undertaken.

The first year of his life was one of disaster. His father was taken prisoner at the massacre, and his mother died in giving him birth. Left alone in the world, he was taken by his uncle, Long Rifle, also a Sioux chief, to British Columbia, where the latter still lives.

Here he remained till he was fourteen, trained to shoot, fish and trap and to bear all manner of privations and hardships. Up to that time he had never seen a white man, and could not speak a word of English. He was never on a reservation until he went to the Pine Ridge agency last summer as the government physician. He was of the purest and best type of the Indian race, and was a worthy son of the distinguished chiefs whose dignity of bearing and of utterance have made them famous in story and song. This is a point to be emphasized, for it makes his present condition so much the more remarkable.

His first education was received at the Santee Normal Training School at the Santee agency in Nebraska, the instruction all being in his own language. He went subsequently to Knox Academy, in Galesburg, Ill., and to Beloit College, in Wisconsin, where he was to prepare for a higher college.

At both of these schools he helped to pay his way by teaching gymnastics and athletics in the gymnasium attached, and for such instruction he was well fitted, for he had a superb physique, and was both muscular and quick. This eminence in athletics and sports he maintained even when at Dartmouth, where he met better contestants, receiving there seven medals and cups, as well as being champion light weight sparrer and long distance runner. In tennis, too, and in football and baseball he was always among the first, if not the very first.

He came east to matriculate at Dartmouth, that college having been chosen by his former preceptor, Dr. Riggs, principal of the Santee school, because of a clause now obsolete, in its constitution, which allows gratuitous education to the red man.

When asked what he wanted to do in life, his reply was: "To be a physician," adding that, since the Indians held their medicine men in such high regard and reverence, he could acquire an influence over them that way best, his one desire in life being to bring his race to civilization and citizenship.

On completing his Dartmouth course he came to Boston, where he took the three years' medical course in Boston University.

Now comes the first note of the romance which has just resulted in his engagement to Miss Goodale, and which will probably ere long result in their marriage. During the summer—that of 1890—Dr. Eastman, as he must now be called, happened to read a book of verses called "Apple Blossoms," written by Miss Goodale when she was but 15 years old, and later other of the same poet's works came into his hands. He conceived a fondness for them, but this alone would hardly have been enough to make a romance. Miss Goodale was not only a poet, she was an Indian enthusiast. She taught in General Armstrong's Hampton school three years, then went to teach in a day school among the Sioux at the Lower Brule agency, Dakota, and is now superintendent of schools in the Sioux country, though of late she has been employed as nurse at the Pine Ridge agency.

It was out there that she met Dr. Eastman, who received the appointment as government physician not long after his graduation. They were prepared for each other in temperament, education, sympathies and age—he is 28 and she is 27—and naturally it did not take long for each other to find the other out, especially in a country and under conditions where sympathies are quick to express themselves.

Miss Goodale is very beautiful, as well as educated, and she has determined to devote her life to the work in which both her betrothed and herself are vitally interested. She has studied the Indian question with the true philanthropic spirit. She has studied it at Hampton and on the reservation. She believes that education, which means civilization and Christianization as well, is the true and only solution. She also believes that the best educational centre—the place where the greatest results can be secured—is the day school on the reservation. And now, if she chooses to take her husband from among the very people to whom she has given her young years for their amelioration, no one can say she is not in earnest.

AT REST.

The faithful helm commands the keel,
From port to port fair breezes blow;
But the ship must sail the convex sea,
Nor may she straighter go.

So, man to man; in fair accord,
On thought and will the winds may wait,
But the world will bend the passing word,
Though its shortest course be straight.

From soul to soul the shortest line
At best will bended be,
The ship that holds the straightest course
Still holds the convex sea.

—*John Boyle O'Reilly.*

THE BARK BEETLE.

Entomologist Forbes Tells How the Pest May Be Destroyed.

Illinois State Entomologist S. A. Forbes has prepared an extended report of the investigation made concerning the fruit bark beetle and its destructive work in southern Illinois orchards. The report will be issued in a short time, and in it Prof. Forbes will say that the insect made its appearance in western New York in 1877, and in other eastern States in 1880, its first appearance in Illinois being near Albion in 1888, where it did destructive work on cherry, plum and peach trees. Prof. Forbes' assistant, John Martin, made investigations in many orchards in southern Illinois, and found the insects and larvæ in the different kinds of fruit trees, the trees in many cases being severely damaged. The report states that the destruction of the trees is accomplished in this way: The female beetle burrows directly into the bark and then, turning lengthwise of the branch, digs a channel about an inch long, called a breeding chamber, and laying her eggs to the right and left as she proceeds. As the eggs hatch, the young larvæ eat outward in all directions, cutting closely laid channels under the bark, and, enlarging their burrows as they increase in size, when they have attained their growth they sink into the sap wood, closing the channel behind them with wood fiber, and there change into the pupa state. From this, when they become adult, they eat themselves out to return shortly to fresh trees, where they again go through the same history, leaving the wood channeled throughout and the tree in a dying condition.

As to remedies, the report says it is best that all trees infected should be cut up, root and branch, and burned during the winter months. The twigs and branches of trees less severely attacked should be cut away and similarly destroyed. As the beetles may begin to emerge in March, this procedure should not be delayed too long. It is now scarcely possible, however, to exterminate this insect in Illinois by any measures which may be taken at present. There is a possibility that thorough treatment of the trees with some poisonous spray—especially if an adhesive substance is used with it—at the time of year when these beetles are making their way into the bark would have the effect of arresting this serious and growing injury.—Orange Judd Farmer.

When Before the Camera.

If you are short and stout don't ask the poor artist to make a picture of you full length. He will if you insist; but he knows he is doing a great wrong thereby. Nothing is so graceful and pleasing in a picture of a stout lady as a sitting half length, the figure so turned as to hide the *too too* stoutness. Again, if you are slim and angular, do not for an instant forget that a full-length figure will make you appear *more* slim and angular. Then the pretty bust picture is your only hope and you should insist on having no other. If a gentleman has a very long neck—no matter how nicely he looks in a high collar, his picture if taken in such a high affair would look grotesque. A short neck and high collar, a long neck and low turned-down collar by all means. No loud stripes, no great checks, no striking figures should be worn in a photograph. One thing bear in mind when you visit the studio—bring along your home expression. Don't spend two days before you come to the studio practising poses and different expressions before your mirror; and, lastly, give the photographer the benefit of exercising his artistic and professional ability.—Ladies' Home Journal.

The unusual sight of a man with three full-sized arms and hands may be daily seen upon the streets of Marbette, British Columbia. He is a Russian by birth, and first came to America, in 1877, as an attache of the Greek church, at Sitka, Alaska, where he resided about 1884. He is a large, powerfully-built man, but seems to have no control of this extra bodily member, which hangs down his back from a point almost exactly between his shoulders, and rolls from side to side in an unsightly manner, as though paralyzed. Besides being well equipped in the way of arms, he has a set of teeth that are double all the way around.

Professor Bastian related in a recent lecture in Berlin that he had lately made the trip from Bombay, India, to Madras and Benares in forty-eight hours by rail, while in 1872 the same trip, with ox-teams, took two months.

Joseph Patton, who live near Clifton Hill, in Randolph County, Mo., still has the pony he rode in the Confederate army. It is now thirty-six years old and as fat as a mole, not having been used any, or very little, for some years.

Smokeless powder was used at the Wimbledon (England) volunteer review before the German Emperor with great success. The guns emitted a brilliant red flame on the discharge, unlike the smokeless compound adopted in France, which produces a pale flash resembling the electric light.

A new system of house-wiring for electric lighting consists of fitting the building with continuous tubes of insulated material, through which the wires are drawn. The tubes are made of paper soaked in a hot bath of bituminous material, and are said to be hard, strong and tough.

HORSE NOTES.

—Sallie McClelland is hopelessly broken down.

—John Condon has sent his pacer Surpass to winter quarters.

—The Independence kite track measures 1 foot 2 inches over a mile.

—Sheridan has been engaged to do the starting at Latonia next season.

—Direct paced a mile in 2.07¼ against time at Cambridge City recently.

—There have been 629 additions to the 2.30 trotting list so far this season.

—Dr. James A. Marshall is a good horseman, as well as a veterinarian.

—Cheyenne reduced his record to 2.17 in a race at Rushville Ind., recently.

—The 5 per cent. entry fee plan will be tried at the Philadelphia fall meetings

—The trotting mare Hattie T. recently dropped dead in a race at Winona, Minn.

—It is currently reported that a majority of the bookmakers at Latonia are losers.

—The filly by Allerton 2.09¼, out of Anna Dickinson, 2.19½, has been named Bell Bird.

—C. F. Wemple has sold the 4-year-old black mare Gold Lace, by Epaulet to Robert Steel.

—James J. Gore, familiarly known as Jim Gore, died at his home in Chicago recently.

—Dan Woodmansie has leased the Kittson track and stables, at Midway, for a term of years.

—Sunol trotted a mile in 2.16 at Stockton, Cal., recently—last eighth in .16 seconds—a 2.08 gait.

—The death of the stallion St. Bel, 2.24, by Electioneer, is a great loss to the Prospect Hill Farm.

—Eon will be retired to the Stud at Ellerslie, Albemarle county, Va., and may not be trained again

—Lady Maud, record 2.18½; the dam of Monbars (2.19½), the champion 2-year-old colt, is 24 years old.

—Frank Caven is driving his chestnut gelding Charley Finch on the road, and is always ready for a brush.

Jockey Britton rode one race at Latonia recently, but it is very doubtful if he is yet entirely recovered.

It is a reminder of old times to see Edward Lister come along with the gray pacer Comet and Don Cameron.

—The pool sellers' stands in front of the grand stand at the Belmont track is in open defiance of comfort, decency and law.

—The 2-year-old colt Star Pointer, by Brown Hal, 2.12½, out the dam of Hal Pointer, 2.09¼, made a record of 2.34½ recently.

—Frank Doble has signed to train for Baldwin & Ellsworth, Washington, Pa., owners of Happy Wanderer, 2.25½, and other good ones.

—In the first hurdle race run at Garfield Park two horses fell, and one (Revenge) was killed outright. Fortunately, the jockeys escaped unhurt.

—Maud S. and Sunol each stand 15 hands 3 inches high forward, but Sunol is 16 hands 1 inch high behind, against 16 hands for Maud S.

—Nancy Hanks (2.09) is now only one-quarter of a second behind Maud S.'s record. Nancy is owned by Hart Boswell, of Kentucky, who bred her.

—The pool seller, W. R. Armstrong, is one of the few men who has had the pleasure of seeing his obituary in print. He did not drop dead, as reported

—La Tosca cost Professor Louisette $13,000 at the Belmont sale, and after winning $20,000 with her he has sold the filly to Pierre Lorillard for $15,000.

—Fremont is considered a bargain at $18,500, the price paid for him at the the Elmendorf sale by General W. H. Jackson, of Belle Meade Farm.

—Frank and Charles Fuller, sons of George Fuller the noted driver, have purchased a farm near Nashville, Tenn., and will start to breeding trotters there.

—Hopeful's wagon record of 2.16½, which has stood since 18 8, was put in the shade by Allerton's mile in 2.15 to wagon at Independence recently.

—The American trotter Captain George won a one mile and seven furlong saddle race at Berlin in 4 51, beating Misty Morning, Dan Jenkins and Kara.

—With no meeting at Linden or Elizabeth this fall there is a great chance for the Washington Jockey Club to have the best meeting held in the Capitol in several years.

—The Jewett Farm pacing yearling Rollo, 2.37¾, was dethroned at Cambridge City Ind., recently by Pinewood, a yearling son of Artemus, out of a daughter of Blue Bull. Pinewood paced in 2.31¾.

—Walcott & Campbell have secured Jockey Fred Taral for three years at a salary, it is said, of $1000 per month, and Mr. Pierre Lorillard has paid W. C. Daly $2 00 for first call on John Lambley's services for 1892

—Fred Akers, New York city, has bought a half interest in the chestnut stallion Idol King from Cyrus Travis, of Peekskill N. Y. Idol King is 10 years old, by Idol, dam Martha Washington, 2.20¼, by Blucher, son of Black Eagle

—The 4-year-old class at Cambridge City recently will rank as one of the sensational contests of this or any other year. Dr. Sparks won the first heat in 2.15½, after which Belle Archer went in and won the race in 2.16½, 2.17¾ and 2.18¼.

—Probably Yorkville Belle and La Tosca are the best race-horses now capable of showing their tip-top form. Kingston is undoubtedly not himself. Potomac, His Highness, Longstreet, Tenny and many others are either "on the shelf" or out of training

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED. KURTZ. EDITOR and PROP'R

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous terms. $2 per year.

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CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS, OCT. 22.

DEATH WHILE ON DUTY.

Three Killed and One Fatally Injured by a Locomotive Explosion.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 20.—At 6:45 o'clock last evening a terrible accident occurred at Tucker's Watchbox, a short distance below St. Clair, in which three men were killed and one fatally injured.

Mountain engine 955 on the Philadelphia and Reading, was drawing a train of empty cars up the grade when the boiler exploded, completely demolishing the engine, tearing up the tracks and doing great damage to telegraph lines and surroundings.

The names of the killed are: Charles Warnicker, brakeman, of St. Clair; Harry Wagner, engineer, of Port Carbon, and Mahlon Keese, fireman.

Charles Bauer, brakeman, of St. Clair, is fatally injured. The men were in the engine cab when the explosion occurred.

No cause is assigned for the explosion. The engine was new, and just out of the shop.

Death of Germany's Envoy.

BERLIN, Oct. 16.—Count Ludwig von Arco Valley, the German minister to the United States, died yesterday. The count had come home from the United States only a few weeks ago in feeble health, having been in August granted three months' leave. Professor Bergmann performed an operation on the count on Monday last, his stomach having for some time past refused to retain food. The operation was not successful. The brother and sister of the late minister were present at his bedside when he died. Count Von Arco was 46 years old, and was appointed to the United States mission in 1888.

Consul Marti Resigns.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Senor Marti, consul general of the Argentine Republic, and a prominent merchant of this city, has resigned his official position and the consulships of the republics of Uruguay and Paraguay, which he also held. Senor Marti, who is a Cuban by birth, presided at the exercises recently held by the Cuban residents of this city in commemoration of their declaration of independence. This roused the ire of the Spanish minister at Washington, and he protested to the Argentine minister at Washington. Senor Marti heard of this, and immediately resigned.

Two Killed and Four Injured.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.—The Pan Handle vestible limited, east bound, was wrecked at Mingo Junction, four miles west of Steubenville, O. Two persons were killed and four seriously injured. The names of the killed are: William Marshall, brakeman, Columbus, O.; Joseph Veston, express messenger. The injured are; A. Stanley, postal clerk, Cincinnati; A. R. Keyes, postal clerk, Trimwady, O.; Robert McPherson, baggage master, Columbus. None of the passengers were injured, although they were all badly shaken up.

Premier Parkes Retires Permanetly.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 20.—Sir Henry Parkes, Premier of New South Wales, has resigned as a result of the defeat of the government on Thursday last. The government opposed a motion to the effect that the government bill regulating the mining laws should be returned to the committee which considered it, in order that the eight hour labor clause which was contained in it might be eliminated. This motion was carried in spite of the stand taken by the government. It is again said that Sir Henry, owing to his advanced age, will retire permanently to private life.

Call Gets His Credentials.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Oct. 20.—The secretary of state has attached his signature and the great seal of the state of Florida to a copy of the proceedings of the joint session of the legislature, including the proceedings of May 26, when Call was elected United States senator. Attorney General Lamar has declined to institute in the supreme court proceedings for the issuance of a mandamus to compel the secretary of state to sign and seal the appointment of Davidson, as directed by Governor Fleming.

Hanlan Defeats McLean.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 20.—Edward Hanlan, of Toronto, Ont., defeated Alexander McLean of this city in a three mile scull race in outrigged skiffs here yesterday afternoon by 200 yards. Hanlan gave McLean a start of thirty feet but caught and passed his opponent before a hundred yards had been rowed. Thereafter he was never hard pressed and won as he pleased. The time was 21 minutes and 31½ seconds.

Five Killed, Many Injured.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—A dispatch received here from Breslau, capital of the province of Silesia, says that an express train came into collision at Kohlfurt, Silesia, with a shunting engine. The express train was derailed by the shock. An official message states that five persons were killed and many were injured by the collision.

Parnell's Widow Dangerously Ill.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Mrs. Parnell, widow of Charles Stewart Parnell, continues in a very weak and precarious condition. She is unable to sleep without the aid of drugs and cannot partake of any solid food. A physician and Mrs. Parnell's eldest daughter are in constant attendance upon her.

Torn to Pieces by a Tiger.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A most sensational incident is reported from Belgrade. A professional tamer of tigers entered the cage of a Bengal tiger in the presence of many spectators. The tiger seized the man and tore him to pieces, many of the witnesses fainting at the awful scene.

Boiler Burst, Three Killed.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Oct. 17.—The boiler of the steamer Evangel, plying between here and Whitcomb, exploded, killing Gus Garrison and William Briggs, deck hands, and Julius Flint, fireman. Five others were severely scalded.

Boston's Farragut Statue.

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—The statue of Admiral Farragut, by H. H. Kitson, for the city of Boston, has been completed at a cost of $32,500, and is said by critics to be a masterpiece in composition and modeling.

SIX DAY CYCLISTS.

The Great Contest Now in Progress in New York.

A HUNDRED MILES IN 380 MINUTES

The Race Attracting Widespread Attention and Some Record Breaking Expected—Splendid Scores at the End of the First Day's Racing.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The international six days' go-as-you-please bicycle race, at Madison Square Garden, which started at five minutes after midnight yesterday morning, is attracting widespread attention, and it is believed there will be some record breaking.

The entries and their colors are as follows: M. J. O'Flannigan, olive green and Irish harp; W. Beyst, purple; Walter Stage, yellow and red; Charles Ashinger, all blue; John S. Prince, stars and stripes; Albert Schock, red, white and blue; Morton, green and red; Edward McDowell, pink; Albert Robb, all red; W. Wood, Union Jack of England; George Edlin, British blue ensign; W. Lamb, red, white and blue stripes; J. D. Lumsden, Scotch plaid, and James Albert, black and orange.

The riders are to get 50 per cent. of the gross receipts, which will be divided into the following proportions. Thirty-five per cent. to first, 25 per cent. to second, 12 per cent. to third, 10 per cent. to fourth, 8 per cent. to fifth, 6 per cent. to sixth, and 4 per cent. to seventh. It is said that the garden people will have to take in over $30,000 to come out ahead.

A Hundred Miles in 380 Minutes.

The track is ten laps to a mile, and is not level at any place. At the corners it is twenty-four feet wide, while the incline or slope is four feet ten inches from the outer to the inner curb.

The first hundred miles was done by Robbin in six hours and twenty minutes, after a spurt with Prince, who was two laps behind.

The prettiest riding is being done by McDowell. He hails from Philadelphia, and wears the emblem of the Schuylkill Navy. Prince, wearer of the stars and stripes, is riding in splendid form and offers to bet $1,000 that he will lead at the end of the week.

The score at the end of the first twenty-four hours was as follows:

Ashinger, 332 miles; Martin, 328; Edlen, 320; Lamb, 213; Shock, 307; Robb, 282; Albert, 270; Prince, 264; Boyst, 240; Lumsden, 238; Stage, 336; Wood, 194; O'Flanagan, 139.

HOEY INVITES INQUIRY.

The Deposed President Says He Has Been Misrepresented.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Mr. Hoey's letter of resignation as member of the express company's board of managers is addressed to the Adams Express company and Clarence A. Seward, secretary of the Adams Express company, and says:

"After more than forty years of faithful service to the Adams Express company I have been removed from the office of president by a majority of the board of managers, and I am informed that large claims are about to be made against me in behalf of the company, based upon several alleged transactions.

"I have been grossly misrepresented as to these transactions, and I am prepared to maintain and shall maintain at the proper time and in the proper way the entire propriety and fairness of my conduct in regard to all of them. I invite a judicial determination of any claims which may be asserted against me in behalf of the company. If the proper tribunal shall say that I owe anything to the Adams Express company I shall most cheerfully pay it."

Death of Mrs. Thurman.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 19.—Mrs. Thurman, wife of Judge Allen G. Thurman, died on Saturday afternoon. For some time past there has been but little hopes entertained of her recovery. She was the victim of la grippe during the winter and never recovered from the attack. Advanced age prevented her from ever regaining her accustomed strength. Mrs. Thurman was born in Chillicothe in 1811, and her maiden name was Mary Dun. Her father, Walter Dun, was a wealthy land owner and merchant at that place. While Mary was yet a young lady her father moved to Lexington, Ky. Here she married Mr. Tompkins, but he soon died, leaving one daughter, Narcy. She was married to Judge Thurman in November, 1844, and has been his almost constant companion and helpmate since during his long professional and public career. Judge Thurman is much enfeebled and broken down, and it is the opinion of those who know him best and understand his condition that he will not long survive the death of his wife.

Josie Mansfield's Marriage.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The sensation of the week is the marriage of Josie Mansfield, made notorious by the late Jim Fisk, to a New Yorker of great wealth—Robert L. Reade. The fair Josie has been swinging around the circle for many years. Art has done much toward giving her an appearance of being more youthful than she really is. The woman is still fair to look upon, but must be near the 60 mark. Reade is generally credited with having more money than law practice. Whether he will take his new wife to New York is still a problem. She may not be so desirous of returning to the scenes of her former triumphs.

Lehlbach Will Contest.

NEWARK, N. J., Oct. 20.—The result of the mayoralty election is to be contested by the Republican candidate, ex-Congressman Lehlbach, the determination having been arrived at by him after consultation with leading Republicans of the city. For that purpose a recount of the ballots will be demanded. Mr. Lehlbach alleges that Mayor Haynes' close majority was secured by corrupt practices, inciuding the colonization of voters and the direct purchasing of votes. The Democrats say they have no fear of the result.

Mr. Balfour as Leader.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—It is officially announced that Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, member of parliament for East Manchester and at present the chief secretary for Ireland, has been appointed first lord of the treasury and leader of the Conservatives in the house of commons. Hon. C. F. Ritchie, president of the local government board, is mentioned as Mr. Balfour's probable successor as chief secretary.

THE HISTORY OF A WEEK

Wednesday, Oct. 14.

Six laborers went to sleep on a construction train at Ensley City, Ala. In the car, in which there was a red hot stove, was a keg of powder. The powder exploded and four were killed.

Bernard Saville, who swindled ex-Senator Fair out of $500 by means of a forged letter of introduction from ex-Secretary Bayard, was sentenced in San Francisco to three years' imprisonment at San Quentin.

At Stockton, Cal., yesterday, Sunol made an unsuccessful effort to defeat the trotting record (2.08¾) made by Maud S. She succeeded in lowering her own record by half a second, making the mile in 2.10. The conditions were unfavorable, however, and she will make another attempt next Tuesday.

Thursday, Oct. 15.

California was again visited by earthquake shocks yesterday.

The condition of General W. H. F. Lee, who is ill at his home in Alexandria, Va., yesterday took an unfavorable change, and he is now considered critically ill.

The National Prison association, in session at Pittsburg, adopted a resolution requesting all clergymen in the United States and Canada to observe the fourth Sabbath of each year as prison Sunday.

The famine prevails in thirteen different departments of Russia, and 14,000,000 persons are in urgent need of succor. The government is negotiating for the purchase of large quantities of breadstuffs in the United States.

Friday, Oct. 16.

John Lachman, a fireman in the Thomson-Houston Electric Light works at Buffalo, N. Y., was instantly killed by a shock while trying to turn an incandescent are light with a shovel.

Mrs. Casey, aged 55, was found butchered in her smokehouse, near Winnsboro, Tex. Her throat was cut, her head being almost severed from the body, and she was stabbed in twenty places. Signs of a desperate struggle were visible.

Saturday, Oct. 17.

Irving A. Evans, well known as "Nervy" Evans, on the Boston and New York Stock exchanges, committed suicide by shooting at the residence of Bruce L. Evans in Allentown, N. H., yesterday.

A tenement house caught fire yesterday in the dock district of London known as Millwall. When the fire was subdued sufficiently to enable the firemen to mount to the top of the charred tenement they found the bodies of an old woman of 70, a young woman and three children, all huddled together, as they tried to escape from the smoke which had suffocated them.

A dreadful scene was enacted at the execution of William Rose, who was hanged at Redwood Falls, Minn. When the trap was sprung there was a dull crash, and the rope parted three feet from the neck. The limp body was picked up, carried on the platform, laid down, face upward, upon the readjusted trap. The second noose dangling from above was pulled down, adjusted quickly and the trap again sprung without any attempt to raise him to his feet. Then ensued a slow process of strangulation. Rose shot and killed Moses Lufkin, the father of the girl he loved, because of the parent's opposition to the match.

Monday, Oct. 19.

The remains of General W. H. F. Lee were interred at Ravensworth, Fairfax county, Va.

China has directed her ambassador at St. Petersburg to demand explanations as to Russia's encroachment on her territory.

At the final auction sale of the late Hon. August Belmont's stables, in New York, the stallion St. Blaize was sold to Charles Reed, of Tennessee, for $100,000.

President Louis Cortencini of the Italian chamber of commerce at New York, stated that the government had agreed to abolish the decree against American pork. A proclamation to that effect will soon be issued by the Italian government.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

FOR SALE BY J. D. Murray, Druggist.

Fall of the Leaf.

The bright green foliage of summer which is now variegated with golden tints, and leafless trees will soon presage the coming of winter's chilly blasts. Nature has been more than usually lavish in her gifts and abundant crops make the heart of the husbandman glad. With the advent of fall it will be well for all to take proper safeguards against disease. A pure stimulant tones up the enfeebled system. For this purpose use Klein's world famed "Silver Age" or "Duquesne" rye. Both are warranted absolutely pure. They sell respectively at $1 50 and $1.25 per full quart. Major Klein also sells six-year-old Guckenheimer, Gibson, Overholt, Finch, and Bear Creek at $1.00 per quart, or six quarts for $5.00. Goods shipped anywhere. Send for catalogue and price list, mentioning this paper, to Max Klein, 82 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.—GOD SAVE the Commonwealth. I, Wm. A. Ishler, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1891,

for the purpose of electing the several persons hereinafter named, to wit.

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons for Jury Commissioners of Centre county.

Twenty-seven persons as delegates at large to a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this State, each voter to vote for not more than eighteen candidates.

Three persons as district delegates to a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this State from this (30th) Senatorial District, and each voter to vote for not more than two candidates.

The qualified voters shall also vote "For or Against" holding a convention to amend the Constitution of this State.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places for holding the aforesaid elections in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct,) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct,) at the public house of T. G. Edmunds, at Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Gregg (northren precinct,) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg (southern precinct,) at the dwelling house owned by J. B. Fisher, at Penn Hall.

For the borough of Centre Hall, at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Potter (northern precinct,) at the public house of D. L. Bartges, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (southern precinct,) at the public house lately occupied by S. D. Barnes.

For the township of College (eastern precinct,) at the school house in Lemont.

For the township of College (western precinct) at the public hotel of S. S. Grieb.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) at the public house of J. A. Decker, in Pine Grove Mills.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct,) at the old school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, at the Union hotel, at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray,

For the North ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the court house in Bellefonte,

For the South ward of the borough of Bellefonte, at the court house in Bellefonte.

For the West ward of the borough of Bellefonte at the court house in Bellefonte.

For the township of Benner, at the court house in Bellefonte.

For the township of Spring (southern precinct,) at the hotel of Gottlieb Haag, in the village of Pleasant Gap.

For the township of Spring (northern precinct) at the commissioners office, in the court house, Bellefonte,

For the township of Spring (western precinct,) at the public school house known as the Fair Ground school house.

For the township of Walker in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard, at the school house in the boro of Howard.

For the borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the school house at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush (southern precinct,) in the public school house in the village of Powelton.

For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct,) at the school house in the village of Snow Shoe.

For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct,) at the school house in the village of Moshannon.

For the townphip of Marion, at the school house in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the public building in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs (eastern precinct,) at Curtin's school house.

For the township of Boggs (western precinct,) at the school house in Centra City.

For the township of Boggs (northern precinct,) at the public school house known as "Walker's school house."

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house kept by W. W. Rishel, at Coburn.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house in Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Beak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the township of Union, at the school house in the boro of Unionville.

For the borough of Unionvill, at the new school house in said borough.

For the First ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the Wheelman's Club House' corner of Beaver and Second streets.

For the Second ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the public building, at the corner of North Centre and Presqueisle streets.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the store of Wm. Hess, at the corner of Spruce and Ninth streets.

Notice is hereby given, "That every person excepting justices of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of the State, or of the city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector or clerk of an election of this Commonwealth; and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office then voted for."

At all the elections held under the law of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m., and Closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following Acts of Assembly, approved in March, 1866, An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth:"

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same; That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general township borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all state officers voted for and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all County officers voted for, including officers of Senators and members of Congress if voted for and be labeled "County," one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for and be labeled "Township," one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes,

To the Sheriff of Centre County, Pa:

In compliance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An act to provide for a Convention to amend the Constitution, and the election of delegates thereto;" approved the nineteenth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, the duly qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, next, vote for or against holding a convention to amend the Constitution, and for members of said convention, if a majority of the voters in the Commonwealth favors such convention, according to the regulations provided in the several sections of said act as hereafter set forth, to wit:

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same* That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November next, the duly qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall vote for or against holding a convention to amend the Constitution according to the regulations provided in the subsequent sections of this act.

Section 2. If at the said general election to be held as aforesaid, a majority of the electors of this Commonwealth shall declare in favor of a convention to amend the Constitution, the said convention shall be composed of delegates duly elected, and shall assemble as hereinafter provided.

Section 3. At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November next, there shall be elected by the qualified electors of this Commonwealth, delegates to a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this State. The said convention shall consist of one hundred and seventy seven members, to be elected in the manner following: Twenty seven members shall be elected in the State at large. Each voter of the State shall vote for not more than eighteen candidates, and the twenty seven highest in vote shall be declared elected. One hundred and fifty delegates shall be apportioned to and elected from the different Senatorial districts of the State, three delegates to be elected for each Senator therefrom; and in choosing said delegates, each voter shall be entitled to vote for not more than two of the members to be chosen from each Senatorial district, and the three candidates highest in vote shall be declared elected, and said delegates shall possess the qualifications at present required for members of the State Senate.

Section 4. The following regulations shall apply to the aforesaid election to be held on the Tuesday following the first Monday of November next, and to the return of the same.

First. The said election shall be held and conducted by the proper election officers of the several election districts of the Commonwealth, and shall be governed and regulated in all respects by the general election laws of the Commonwealth, so far as the same be applicable thereto and not inconsistent with the provisions of this act.

Second. The tickets to be voted for or against a convention shall have on the inside, "For a Constitutional Convention;" and "Against a Constitutional Convention," and no other inscriptions thereon.

Third. The tickets to be voted for members at large shall have on the outside the words "Delegates at large," and on the inside the names of the candidates to be voted for not exceeding eighteen in number.

Fourth. The tickets to be voted for district members shall have on the outside the words, "District delegates," and on the inside the name or names of the candidates voted for not exceeding the proper number limited as aforesaid, but any ticket that shall contain a greater number of names than the number for which the voter shall be entitled to vote shall be rejected.

Fifth. The return judges shall meet at the same places and at the same time after said election, and shall make out the returns thereof of the votes cast for delegates at large and for district delegates to be members of the said convention in the several counties of the Commonwealth, and shall follow the same form in making out their returns as prescribed for return judges in the case of an election for Governor, except that the said returns shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth and shall be addressed to that officer alone.

Now, therefore, in obedience to the requirements of the Act of the General Assembly aforesaid, you are hereby required to publish this notice with your proclamation for the holding of said general election.

WILLIAM F. HARRITY,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Given under my hand and seal at my office, in Bellefonte, this 5th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and in the One Hundred and fifteenth year of the Independence of the United States.

WM. A. ISHLER,
Sheriff of Centre county.

YOU

Can't Afford to Wait!

The Big Chance and The Best Chance to Buy Your Fall and Winter Goods is Now Offered You.

Our enormous stock of seasonable styles is now open and ready for your inspection.

Such quality and prices we have never before been able to show you.

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First - Class Stock!

COMBINING QUALITY WITH ELEGANCE, AND

PRICES STRICTLY FAIR!

Give us a call. We promise you fair and honest treatment.

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We use Alcohol!

pure alcohol to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING. Alcohol is good for leather; it is good for the skin. Alcohol is the chief ingredient of Cologne, Florida Water, and Bay Rum the well known face washes. We think there is nothing too costly to use in a good leather preservative.

Acme Blacking retails at 20c.

and at that price sells readily. Many people are so accustomed to buying a dressing or blacking at 5c. and 10c. a bottle that they cannot understand that a blacking can be **cheap** at 20c. We want to meet them with cheapness if we can, and to accomplish this we offer a reward of

$10,000

for a recipe which will enable us to make WOLFF'S ACME BLACKING at such a price that a retailer can profitably sell it at 10c. a bottle. We hold this offer open until Jan. 1st, 1893.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, Philadelphia.

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS are scientifically and carefully prepared prescriptions; used for many years in private practice with success, and for over thirty years used by the people. Every single Specific is a special cure for the disease named.

These Specifics cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the **sovereign remedies of the World.**

LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	**Fevers,** Congestion, Inflammations	.25
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6	**Cholera Morbus,** Vomiting	.25
7	**Coughs,** Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	**Neuralgia,** Toothache, Facache	.25
9	**Headaches,** Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	**Dyspepsia,** Bilious Stomach	.25
11	**Suppressed** or **Painful Periods**	.25
12	**Whites,** too Profuse Periods	.25
13	**Croup,** Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	**Salt Rheum,** Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains	.25

SPECIFICS

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20	**Whooping Cough,** Violent Coughs	.50
21	**Asthma,** Oppressed Breathing	.50
22	**Ear Discharges,** Impaired Hearing	.50
23	**Scrofula,** Enlarged Glands, Swelling	.50
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33	**Epilepsy,** Spasm, St. Vitus' Dance	1.00
34	**Diphtheria,** Ulcerated Sore Throat	.50
35	**Chronic Congestions** & Eruptions	.50

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HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS.—**Used by all owners of Horse and Cattle.** A Complimentary copy of Dr. Humphreys' Veterinary Manual (300 pages) on treatment and care of Domestic Animals—Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry — Sent free. HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO., cor. William and John Sts., N. Y.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below:

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

BELVERSON, Pa., Nov. 27, '90.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.:

Gents—I would like to make known to those who are almost persuaded to use Kendall's Spavin Cure the fact that I think it is a most excellent Liniment. I have used it on a Blood Spavin. The horse went on three legs for three years when I commenced to use your Kendall's Spavin Cure. I used ten bottles on the horse and have worked him for three years since and has not been lame.

Yours truly, WM. A. CURL.

GERMANTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1889.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,
Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Gents: In praise of Kendall's Spavin Cure I will say, that a year ago I had a valuable young horse become very lame, hock enlarged and swollen. The horsemen about here (we have no Veterinary Surgeon here) pronounced his lameness Blood Spavin or Thoroughpin, they all told me there was **no cure for it**, he became almost useless, and I considered him almost worthless. A friend told me of the merits of your Kendall's Spavin Cure, so I bought a bottle, and I could see very plainly great improvement immediately from its use, and before the bottle was used up I was satisfied that it was doing him a great deal of good. I bought a second bottle and before it was used up my horse was cured and has been in the team doing heavy work all the season since last April, showing no more signs of it. I consider your Kendall's Spavin Cure a valuable medicine, and it should be in every stable in the land. Respectfully yours,

EUGENE DEWITT.

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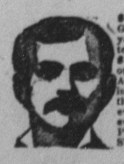

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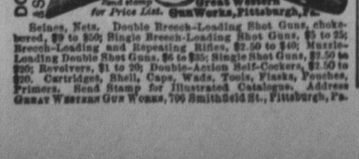

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THE EXTRA SESSION.

Pennsylvania's Senate Responds to the Governor's Call.

ONLY FOUR MEMBERS ABSENT.

They Listen to the Reading of the Governor's Message, Appoint a Committee and Adjourn for the Day—The Special Committee Reports No Cause for Suspicion.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 14.—Pursuant to the call of Governor Pattison, the senate convened in extraordinary session at noon yesterday to consider whether sufficient cause existed for removal from office of Auditor General Thomas McCamant and State Treasurer Henry K. Boyer, who are alleged to have been in collusion with John Bardsley in his malfeasance in office. Lieutenant Governor Watres occupied the chair. Four members were absent.

Senators Grady and Markly were appointed a committee to notify the governor of the assembly of the senate. The committee returned in ten minutes, and were followed almost immediately by Private Secretary Tate, who presented the governor's message, which was read by the clerk.

The Governor's Message.

After stating at length the facts brought out about Bardsley by the Philadelphia investigation of his accounts and papers, and the revelations made by the McCamaht-Livsey-Bardsley correspondence, the governor goes on to say:

From the testimony given by Thomas McCamant, auditor general, and by Henry K. Boyer, state treasurer, before the joint legislative investigating committee, it appears further that of the moneys collected by John Bardsley for the commonwealth of Pennsylvania he has failed to pay over the following amounts:

Personal property tax (1890)	$622,013 11
Personal property tax (1891)	289,232 96
License taxes (1890)	367,604 18
License taxes (1891)	1,497 54
Municipal loans tax (1890)	86,030 80
Total	$1,366,378 59

Of this total no portion has been secured to the commonwealth except $120,000, the entire amount of the license tax bond given by Bardsley, leaving due to the state about a million and a quarter dollars. In addition to this sum there was paid to John Bardsley out of the state treasury on Dec. 30, 1890, $420,000 for the public schools of the city of Philadelphia, no portion of which was applied by him for that purpose, and for the whole amount of which the authorities of Philadelphia claim to have a legal and moral obligation against the commonwealth. In what proportion the losses of these public moneys shall be divided between the city and the state is the subject of litigation not yet concluded. But, in any event, it appears that a total of $1,786,370.59 of money belonging to the commonwealth of Pennsylvania has been misapplied, misappropriated, embezzled and stolen.

The governor makes an exhaustive analysis of the testimony of McCamant and Boyer, showing that this estimate of the loss their conduct entailed upon the state is based upon their own admissions. In closing he says:

I submit this summary of the facts touching the administration of these two departments, admitted and testified to by their chief officers before a joint committee of the legislature, in order that the senate may determine the action appropriate in the premises.

The senate then adjourned until 3 p. m. today.

No Cause for Suspicion.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 14.—The committee charged with the investigation of the department of the auditor general and state treasurer adopted a preliminary report yesterday and sent it to Governor Pattison.

The committee finds that the evidence wholly fails to disclose any just ground for suspicion as to the personal or official integrity of State Treasurer Boyer and that it fails to show any act of personal or official dishonesty on the part of Auditor General McCamant or the improper receipt by him of any money, either directly or indirectly, from John Bardsley. Messrs. Fow and Skinner present a minority report protesting against this finding.

A Very Brief Session.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 15. — When the special session of the senate was called to order yesterday afternoon the committee on mode of procedure presented its report. The rules state that the cases of the accused will be heard in open senate and the attorney general will be invited to assist. The accused officers will be notified that the senate is organized for trial and proposes to proceed, and that they may be present with their counsel and be heard. The question of admitting or not admitting evidence will be governed by rules of law. The president of the senate will preside, and exceptions to evidence may be argued five minutes on either side, when he will decide, but an appeal can be taken from his decision. The sergeant-at-arms will serve all processes and the president will swear witnesses.

The rules as presented were adopted.

The senate then adopted a resolution providing for a session daily, to convene at 10 o'clock.

The senate then adjourned, having been in session exactly twenty-three minutes.

The Accused Deny the Charges.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 16.—At yesterday's session of the senate Auditor General McCamant and Treasurer Boyer made answer, through counsel, to the charges against them. Mr. Shapley, for Mr. McCamant, read the auditor general's denial. Mr. McCamant "expressly denies the jurisdiction of your honorable body." He then goes on to expressly deny each and every charge of official misbehavior alleged against him in the governor's proclamation and message, whether stated expressly, by way of inference, argument or suggestion; also expressly denies each and every statement in the proclamation and message contained, in so far as they or any of them are set forth as sufficient grounds to warrant the conclusion that he has been in any way guilty of misconduct, misbehavior, or maladministration in his office.

Treasurer Boyer's denial is in a similar vein.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 20.—The senate at yesterday afternoon's session decided to proceed first with the hearing of evidence in the case of Treasurer Boyer. Mr. Reeves was the only witness examined, and gave evidence regarding the amount of state funds held by Bardsley.

D'Ayala Admits His Guilt.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 17.—D'Ayala, the wife murderer, has made a statement declaring that he killed his wife because she admitted having been unfaithful to him. His mother had previously told him the same story.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

Items of Real Interest Presented in Condensed Form.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 17.—The schooner Harvey W. Anderson, from Philadelphia for Boston with a cargo of coal, was wrecked on Hog Island. The vessel and cargo are a total loss. The crew were saved.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Oct. 19.—A traction engine broke through a covered bridge over White run, near Bonneauville, this county, killing a man named Block, from near Shrewsbury, York county. The engine was new and very heavy.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 20.—The remains of Adam Winter, of Bastress township, this city, reached here. Winter was only 18 years old, but a young giant. He lifted on a wager a barrel and its contents, weighing 865 pounds, recently, in Detroit, from the effects of which he died in a hospital there.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 20.—The last ray of hope for John McManus, who murdered Eugene McGinnis in Philadelphia over a year ago, has disappeared. Yesterday Justice Mitchell, in the supreme court, decided the appeal from the lower court against the prisoner, and McManus must now hang, as this was his last resort.

ALTOONA, Pa., Oct. 19.—Frank B. Tipton, proprietor of a job printing establishment in this city, started some days ago on a collecting tour. Late Saturday night his mutilated body was found on the railroad near South Fork. As his satchel and a large sum of money are missing the authorities are of the opinion that he was murdered.

READING, Pa., Oct. 20.—The governor having approved the site for the new hospital for the chronic insane selected by the commission, the matter of its location near Wernersville, this county, is now definitely settled. Senator Henry D. Green, of this city, who was very active in this matter, says that work on erecting the buildings will probably not be begun until next spring.

HARRISBURG, Oct. 17. — Senator Thomas M. Mehard died at his home in Lawrence county. He was elected to the senate in 1888. He has been critically ill for several weeks. His death leaves a second vacancy in the senate, the other being caused by the resignation of Senator Harlon, of Chester. The dead senator was a physician in active practice, and had many friends in the legislature.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.—After an all day conference between General Manager Schwab, of the Edgar Thompson Steel works, Braddock, and the converting mill employes a new scale was settled upon. Formerly the steel blowers made about $200 a month, but they will now make $120; repairers $104 instead of $145, and vesselmen $165 instead of $280. The other employes will be presented with the same scale.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 20.—Heister Kleckner, aged 19, living at New Ringgold, twelve miles from this place, accidentally shot himself while gunning with a companion. He was strolling through the woods looking for game, and while stooping to gather chestnuts drew his gun over a fallen log, throwing the hammer back. The whole contents were discharged into his right cheek and lodged in his brain, killing him instantly.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 17.—Brother Andreas Dinder the first and oldest benedictine monk in the United States, was buried in the Monastry burying grounds at Latrobe, Pa., yesterday. Brother Andreas was born in Eiselainger, Bavaria, in 1812. In 1846 Brother Andreas, with thirteen other pilgrims, emigated from the mother house in Bavaria to the United States, and selected Latrobe, Pa., as a site for the erection of a monastery college.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Oct. 19. — Jeddo colliery, No. 1, operated by G. B. Markle, has began to crush, and fears are entertained for its safety. The main gangway, leading from No. 1 to No 2, has already closed up so much that it is impossible to get through. Should it close more both slopes will shut down, and it is thought by many of the old miners that it cannot be opened for at least six months. Already many men have been suspended.

ASHLAND, Pa., Oct. 20.—John Curry, a highly respected young man, and a member of St. John's Episcopal church choir, met with a sad death in the mine at Bast colliery yesterday. He was engaged in starting schutes, when the coal rushed upon him, holding him prisoner, while the gas that followed slowly smothered him in the schute. His comrades while endeavoring to extricate him conversed with him, but when they reached him he was dead.

ALTOONA, Pa., Oct. 17.—The adjourned hearing of Banker Dill, of Clearfield, which was to have taken place in this city yesterday before United States Commissioner Ambrose, failed to take place for the reason that Dill went before Judge Krebbs, of Clearfield, waived a hearing upon the charges preferred against him and entered bail in the sum of $40,000 for his appearance at the next term of United States court to meet in Pittsburg, on the second Monday in November. The gentlemen qualifying as his bondsmen are: A. E. Patton, A. R. Lee, D. R. Fullerton and W. W. Betz.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 20.—The Christian Women's Board of Missions has elected the following national officers: President, Mrs. O. A. Burgess, Indianapolis, vice president, Mrs. Mary Armstrong, Kokomo, Ind.; corresponding secretary, Miss Lois A. White, Indianapolis; treasurer, Mrs. Emma B. Ryan, Indianapolis: superintendent of children's work, Mrs. Joseph King, Allegheny City, Pa.; resident members of the national board, Mrs. Maria Jamison, Indianapolis; Mrs. L. A. More. Dauphin, Ind.; Mrs. K. I. Brown, Indianapolis; Mrs. Lucy Frazier; Irvington, Ind.; Mrs. M. E. Shank, Irvington, Ind.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 19.—It has just leaked out that a free for all fight occurred among the female prisoners at the Claremont workhouse last Thursday night. Two young women in the knitting department had a quarrel which resulted in an incipient riot, friends of both women interfering and taking opposite sides. For about half an hour the twenty-five infuriated prisoners fought each other fiercely, scratching one another's eyes, tearing each other's clothes nearly off and pounding an adversary whenever an opening occurred. Half a dozen male officers of the prison were summoned by a matron who succeeded in escaping from the room, and the belligerents were placed in dungeons.

During the night two of the worst prisoners, Maude Hutchinson and Mamie White, escaped from their cell, their door being carelessly left unlocked. They scaled a twenty foot wall to liberty and have not yet been apprehended.

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SOUT BEND CHILLED PLOW

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

SHARES reduced from 40 to 30 cents.—other repairs reduced accordingly.

Roland CHILLED PLOWS are the best bevel landside plow on earth; prices reduced.

POTATO PLANTER.

The Aspenwall is the most complete potato planter ever made Farmers who have them plant their own crops and realize from $25.00 to $30.00 per year from their neighbors, who willingly pay $1.00 per acre for the use of an Aspenwall planter.

HARROWS—*The Farmer's Friend Horse Shoe Luck Spring Tooth Harrow*, seventeen teeth, one side of which can be used as a single cultivator.

THE HENCH AND STEEL KING SPRING TOOTH HARROW.

Allen's Celebrated Cultivators, Garden Tools and Seed Drills, which were practically exhibited at the Granger's Picnic.

CORN PLANTERS AND CORN SHELLERS, — latest improved. —

— HAY RAKES AND HAY TEDDERS, — at cut prices. Farmers who harvest fifteen or more tons of hay cannot afford to do without one of our Hay Tedders, which are built with a fork outside of each wheel, the same tedder can be operated by one or two horses.

CONKLIN WAGONS,

CHAMPION WAGONS, are superior in neat build, fine finish and durability.

BUGGIES,
NOBBY ROAD CARTS,
PHAETONS,
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Churns—"The Boss," Bent Wood, Oval and Union Churns. Our sale of churns is constantly increasing.

WHEELBARROWS.

Our steel and wood wheelbarrows are adapted to all kinds of work of which we have a large assortment at very low prices.

A large stock of

FARM AND GARDEN SEEDS,

FLOWER POTS AND URNS.

FERTILIZERS.

Agricultural Salt, our Champion Twenty-five Dollar Phosphate; Lister's best make; Buffalo Honest Phosphate for use on barley, corn, potatoes and wheat, as well as Mapes Potato Fertilizer, all of which have the highest reputation for producing an honest return for the money invested.

Our large trade justifies us in buying our supplies in large quantities, hence we buy at the lowest prices, which enables us to sell at the lowest prices; therefore, it will be to the interest of every farmer in Central Pennsylvania to examine our stock before purchasing.

We take great pleasure in entertaining farmers. It does not cost anything to examine the articles we have on exhibition.

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Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect July 19, 1891.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

9.27 a. m.—Train 14. (Daily except Sunday. For Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 3.15 p. m., New York, 5.50 p. m., Baltimore, 5.10 p. m., Washington, 5.55 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all sea-shore points. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

1.30 p. m.—Train 8. (Daily except Sunday.) For Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.50 p. m., New York, 9.25 p. m., Baltimore, 6.45 p. m., Washington at 8.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5.00 p. m.—Train 12. [Daily except Sunday.] For Wilkesbarre, Hazleton, Pottsville and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.50 p. m., Baltimore 10.40 p. m.

7.45 p. m.—Train 6. (Daily.) For Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.10 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.00 a. m.

1.20 a. m.—Train 4. (Daily.) For Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m., New York, 9.30 a. m., Baltimore, 6.20 a. m., Washington, 7.20, a. m. Pullman sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5.36 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie and Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through Pullman cars and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

10.17.—Train 15. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

2.03 p. m.—Train 11. (Daily except Sunday.) For Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

5.54 p. m.—Train 1. (Daily except Sunday.) For Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.25 p. m.—Train 21. (Daily) For Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15 leaves New York 12.15 night, Philadelphia 4.30 a m, Baltimore 4.45 a m, Harrisburg 8.10 a m, Wilkesbarre, 7.05 a. m. (Daily except Sunday) arriving at Montandon 10 23.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8.50 a m, Washington 8.10 a m, Baltimore 9.00 a m, Wilkesbarre 11.17 a m, (Daily except Sunday) arriving at Montandon 2.03 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 9.00 a m, Phila., 11.40 a m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 3.12 p m, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Montandon at 5.54 p m, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore.

Train 21 leaves New York 3.00 p m, Philadelphia 5.25 p m, Washington 4.30 p m, Baltimore 5.32 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon 10.25 p m.

Train 3 leaves New York at 8.00 p m, Philad. 11.25 p m, Washington 10.00 p m, Baltimore, 11.20 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.36 a m, with through Pullman sleeping cars from Phila., Washington and Baltimore and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Daily Except Sunday.

Westward.				STATIONS.	Eastward.		
P M	A.M.	A.M.			A M	P.M.	P M
2 15	10 25	5 50		Montandon	9 20	1 50	4 55
2 25	10 35	6 20		Lewisburg	9 10	2 00	4 45
2 35		6 30		Biehl	9 00		4 37
2 40		6 35		Vicksburg	8 55		4 32
2 50		6 45		Mifflinburg	8 43		4 22
3 05		7 00		Millmont	8 27		4 09
3 14		7 08		Glen Iron	8 17		4 02
3 47		7 43		Paddy Mountain	7 43		3 30
3 58		7 58		Coburn	7 32		3 18
4 06		8 01		Zerby	7 24		3 10
4 15		8 10		Rising Spring	7 16		3 02
4 23		8 18		Penn Cave	7 10		2 54
4 28		8 24		Centre Hall	7 03		2 47
4 34		8 32		Gregg	6 57		2 40
4 40		8 37		Linden Hall	6 50		2 32
4 45		8 42		Oak Hall	6 45		2 27
4 49		8 46		Lemont	6 41		2 23
4 58		8 51		Dale Summit	6 37		2 18
5 02		9 00		Pleasant Gap	6 28		2 08
5 05		9 04		Axemann	6 25		2 04
5 10		9 10		Bellefonte	6 20		2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 10.00 a m, 1.15, 5.35 and 7.30 p m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 9.55 a m, 1.35 p m, 5.05 p m, 6.00 p m, and 7.45 p m

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APPLICATION FOR CHARTER.—NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County on Monday, the 9th day of November A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, for the charter of a corporation, to be called the Reformed and Lutheran Cemetery Association of Centre Hall, Penna., the character and object of which are for the maintenance of the Reformed and Lutheran Cemetery grounds at Centre Hall, add additional land if necessary, keep in proper condition all graves now on said grounds, and any that may be added, and provide burial lots and burial places for those desiring to bury their dead in said Cemetery.

ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

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REV. DR. TALMAGE.

The Brooklyn Divine's Sunday Sermon.

Subject: What Were We Made For.'

TEXT: "*To this end was I born.*"—John

After Pilate had suicided, tradition says that his body was thrown into the Tiber, and such storms ensued on and about that river that his body was taken out and thrown into the Rhone, and similar disturbances swept that river and its banks. Then the body was taken out and removed to Lausanne and put into a deeper pool, which immediately became the centre of similar atmospheric and aqueous disturbances. Though these are fanciful and false traditions, they show the execration with which the world looked upon Pilate. It was before this man when he was in full life and power that Christ was arraigned as in a court of oyer and terminer. Pilate said to his prisoner, "Art Thou a king, then?" and Jesus answered, "To this end was I born." Sure enough, although all earth and hell arose to keep Him down, He is to-day empalaced, enthroned and coronated king of earth and king of heaven. "To this end was I born." That is what He came for and that was what He accomplished.

By the time a child reaches ten years of age the parents begin to discover that child's destiny; but by the time he or she reaches fifteen years of age the question is on the child's lips: "What am I to be? What am I going to be? What was I made for?" It is a sensible and righteous question, and the youth ought to keep on asking it until it is so fully answered that the young man or the young woman can say with as much truth as its author, though on a less expansive scale, "To this end was I born."

There is too much divine skill shown in the physical, mental and moral constitution of the ordinary human being to suppose that he was constructed without any divine purpose. If you take me out on some vast plain and show me a pillared temple surmounted by a dome like St. Peter's, and having a floor of precious stones, and arches that must have taxed the brain of the greatest draftsman to design, and walls scrolled and niched and paneled and wainscoted and painted, and I should ask you what this building was put up for, and you answered, "For nothing at all," how could I believe you?

And it is impossible for me to believe that any ordinary human being who has in his muscular, nervous and cerebral organization more wonders than Christopher Wren lifted in St. Paul's, or Phidias ever chiseled on the Acropolis, and built in such a way that it shall last long after St. Paul's cathedral is as much a ruin as the Parthenon—that such a being was constructed for no purpose, and to execute no mission, and without any divine intention toward some end. The object of this sermon is to help you to find out what you are made for, and help you to find your sphere, and assist you in that condition where you can say with certainty and emphasis and enthusiasm and triumph, "To this end was I born."

First, I discharge you from all responsibility for most of your environments. You are not responsible for your parentage or grandparentage. You are not responsible for any of the cranks that may have lived in your ancestral line, and who a hundred years before you were born may have lived a style of life that more or less affects you today. You are not responsible for the fact that your temperament is sanguine or melancholic or bilious or lymphatic or nervous. Neither are you responsible for the place of your nativity, among the granite hills of New England, or the cotton plantations of Louisiana, or on the banks of the Clyde, or the Dnieper, or the Shannon, or the Seine. Neither are you responsible for the religion taught in your father's house, nor the irreligion. Do not bother yourself about what you cannot help, or about circumstances that you did not decree.

Take things as they are and decide the question so that you shall be able safely to say, "To this end was I born." How will you decide it? By direct application to the only Being in the universe who is competent to tell you—the Lord Almighty. Do you know the reason why He is the only one who can tell? Because He can see everything between your cradle and your grave, though the grave be eighty years off. And, besides that, He is the only Being who can see what has been happening for the last five hundred years in your ancestral line and for thousands of years clear back to Adam, and there is not one person in all that ancestral line of six thousand years but has somehow affected your character, and even old Adam himself will sometimes turn up in your disposition. The only being who can take all things that pertain to you into consideration is God, and He is the one you can ask. Life is so short we have no time to experiment with occupations and professions.

The reason we have so many dead failures is that parents decide for children what they shall do, or children themselves, wrought on by some whim or fancy, decide for themselves without any imploration of divine guidance. So we have now in pulpits men making sermons who ought to be in blacksmith shops making plowshares, and we have in the law those who instead of ruining the cases of their clients ought to be pounding shoe lasts, and doctors who are the worst hindrances to their patients' convalescence, and artists trying to paint landscapes who ought to be whitewashing board fences. While there are others making bricks who ought to be remodeling constitutions, or shoving planes who ought to be transforming literatures. Ask God about what worldly business you shall undertake until you are so positive you can in earnestness smite your hand on your plow handle, or your carpenter's bench, or your Blackstone's "Commentaries," or your medical dictionary, or your Dr. Dick's "Didactic Theology," saying, "For this end was I born."

There are children who early develop natural affinities for certain styles of work. When the father of the astronomer Forbes was going to London he asked his children what present he should bring each one of them. The boy who was to be an astronomer called out, "Bring me a telescope!" And there are children whom you find all by themselves drawing on their slates, or on paper, ships or houses or birds, and you know they are to be draftsmen or artists of some kind. And you find others cyphering out difficult problems with rare interest and success, and you know they are to be mathematicians. And others making wheels and strange contrivances, and you know they are going to be machinists. And others are found experimenting with hoe and plow and sickle, and you know they will be farmers. And others are always swapping jackknives or balls or bats and making something by the bargain, and they are going to be merchants.

When Abbe de Rance had so advanced in studying Greek that he could translate Anacreon at twelve years of age, there was no doubt left that he was intended for a scholar. But in almost every lad there comes a times when he does not know what he was made for, and his parents do not know, and it is a crisis that God only can decide. Then there are those born for some especial work, and their fitness does not develop until quite late. When Philip Doddridge, whose sermons and books have harvested uncounted souls for glory, began to study the ministry, Dr. Calamy, one of the wisest and best men, advised him to turn his thoughts to some other work Isaac Barrow, an eminent clergyman and Christian scientist—his books standard now, thought he had been dead over two hundred years—was the disheartenment of his father, who used to say that if it pleased God to take any of his children away he hoped it might be his son Isaac. So some of those who have been characterized for their stupidity in boyhood or girlhood have turned out the mightiest benefactors or benefactresses of the human race.

These things being so, am I not right in saying that in many cases God only knows what is the most appropriate thing for you to do, and He is the One to ask. And let all parents and all schools and all universities and all colleges recognize this, and a large number of those who spent their best years in stumbling about among businesses and occupations, now trying this and now trying that, and falling in all, would be able to go ahead with a definite, decided and tremendous purpose saying, "To this end was I born."

But my subject now mounts into the momentous. Let me say that you are made for usefulness and heaven. I judge this from the way you are built. You go into a shop where there is only one wheel turning and that by a workman's foot on a treadle, and say to yourself, "Here is something good being done, yet on a small scale;" but if you go into a factory covering many acres, and you find thousands of bands pulling on thousands of wheels, and shuttles flying, and the whole scene bewildering with activities, driven by water, or steam, or electric power, you conclude that the factory was put up to do great work and on a vast scale. Now, I look at you, and if I should find that you had only one faculty of body, only one muscle, only one nerve, if you could see but could not hear, or could hear and not see, if you had the use of only one foot or one hand, and, as to your higher nature, if you had only one mental faculty, and you had memory but no judgment, or judgment but no will, and if you had a soul with only one capacity, I would say not much is expected of you.

But stand up, O man, let me look you squarely in the face! Eyes capable of seeing everything. Ears capable of hearing everything. Hands capable of grasping everything. Mind with more wheels than any factory ever turned, more power than Corliss engine ever moved. A soul that will outlive all the universe, except heaven, and would outlive all heaven if the life of other immortals were a moment short of the eternal. Now, what has the world a right to expect from you? What has God a right to demand of you? God is the greatest of economists in the universe, and He makes nothing uselessly, and for what purpose did He build your body, mind and soul as they are built?

There are only two beings in the universe who can answer that question. The angels do not know. The schools do not know. Your kindred cannot certainly know. God knows, and you ought to know. A factory running at an expense of $50,000 a year, and turning out goods worth seventy cents a year would not be such an incongruity as you, O man, with such semi-infinite equipment doing nothing, or next to nothing, in the way of usefulness. "What shall I do?" you ask. My brethren, my sisters, do not ask me. Ask God.

There's some path of Christian usefulness open. It may be a rough path, or it may be a smooth path, a long path or a short path. It may be on a mount of conspicuity or in a valley unobserved, but it is a path on which you can start with such faith and such satisfaction and such certainty that you can cry out in the face of earth and hell and heaven, "To this end was I born." Do not wait for extraordinary qualifications. Philip the Conqueror gained his greatest victories seated on a mule, and if you wait for some capari-soned Bucephalus to rise into the conflict you will never get into the world while fight at all. Samson slew the Lord's enemies with the jawbone of the stupidest beast created. Shamgar slew six hundred of the Lord's enemies with an ox goad. Under God spittle cured the blind man's eyes in the New Testament story. Take all the faculty you have and say: "O Lord, here is what I have. Show me the field and back me up by omnipotent power. Anywhere, anyhow, any time for God."

Two men riding on horseback came to a rough to water the horses. While the horses were drinking one of the men said to the other a few words about the value of the soul, and then they rode away, and in opposite directions. But the words uttered were the salvation of the one to whom they were uttered, and he became the Rev. Mr. Chamberlain, one of the most distinguished missionaries in heathen lands, for years wondering who did for him the Christian kindness, and not finding out until, in a bundle of books sent him to Africa, he found the biography of Brainerd Taylor and a picture of him, and he missionary recognized the face in that book as the man who, at the watering trough or horses, had said the thing that saved his soul. What opportunities you have had in the past. What opportunities you have now. What opportunities you will have in the days to come!

Put on your hat, oh, woman, this afternoon, and go in and comfort that young mother who lost her babe last summer. Put on your hat, oh, man, and go over and see that merchant who was compelled yesterday to make an assignment, and tell him of the everlasting riches remaining for all those who serve the Lord. Can you sing? Go and sing for that man who cannot get well, and you will help him into heaven. Let it be your brain, your tongue, your eyes, your ears, your heart, your lungs, your hands, your feet, your body, your mind, your soul, your life, your death, your time, your eternity for God, feeling in your soul, "To this end was I born."

It may be helpful to some if I recite my own experience in this regard. I started for the law without asking any divine direction. I consulted my own tastes. I liked lawyers and courtrooms and judges and juries, and I reveled in hearing the Frelinghuysens and the Bradleys of the New Jersey bar, and as assistant of the county clerk, at sixteen years of age, I searched titles, naturalized foreigners, recorded deeds, received the confession of judgments, swore witnesses and juries and grand juries. But after awhile I felt a call to the Gospel ministry and entered it, and I felt some satisfaction in the work. But one summer, when I was resting at Sharon Springs, and while seated in the park of that village, I said to myself, "If I have an especial work to do in the world I ought to find it out now," and with that determination I prayed as I had never before prayed, and got the divine direction, and wrote it down in my memorandum book, and I saw my life work then as plainly as I see it now.

Oh, do not be satisfied with general directions. Get specific directions. Do not shoot at random Take aim and fire. Concentrate. Napoleon's success in battle came from his theory of breaking through the enemy's ranks at one point, not trying to meet the whole line of the enemy's force by a similar force. One reason why he lost Waterloo was because he did not work his usual theory, and spread his force out over a wide range. Oh, Christian man, oh, Christian woman, break through somewhere. Not a general engagement for God, but a particular engagement, and made in answer to prayer. If there are sixteen hundred million people in the world, then there are sixteen hundred million different missions to fulfill, different styles of work to do, different orbits in which to revolve, and if you do not get the divine direction there are at least fifteen hundred and ninety-nine million possibilities that you will make a mistake. On your knees before God get the matter settled so that you can firmly say, "To this end was I born."

And now I come to the climacteric consideration. As near as I can tell, you were built for a happy eternity, all the disasters which have happened to your nature to be overcome by the blood of the Lamb if you will heartily accept that Christly arrangement. We are all rejoiced at the increase of human longevity. People live, as near as I can observe, about ten years longer than they used to. The modern doctors do not bleed their patients on all occasions as did the former doctors. In those times if a man had a fever they bled him, if he had consumption they bled him, if he had rheumatism they bled him, and if they could not make out exactly what was the matter they bled him. Olden time phlebotomy was death's coadjutor, All this has changed.

From the way I see people skipping about at eighty years of age, I conclude that life insurance companies will have to change their table of risks, and charge a man no more premium at seventy than they used to do when he was sixty, and no more premium at fifty than when he was forty. By the advancement of medical science and the wider acquaintance with the laws of health, and kindness that people know better how to take care of themselves, human life is prolonged. But do you realize what, after all, is the brevity of our earthly state? In the times when people lived seven and eight hundred years, the patriarch Jacob said that his years were few.

Looking at the life of the youngest person in this assembly and supposing he lived to be a nonagenarian, how short the time and soon gone, while banked up in front of us is an eternity so vast that arithmetic has not figures enough to express its length or height. For a happy eternity you were born unless you run yourself against the divine intentions. If standing in your presence my eye should fall upon the feeblest soul here as that soul will appear when the world lets it up, and heaven entrances it, I suppose I would be so overpowered that I should drop down as one dead.

You have examined the family Bible and explored the family records, and you may have daguerreotypes of some of the kindred of previous generations, you have had photographs taken of what you were in boyhood or girlhood, and what you were ten years later, and it is very interesting to any one to be able to look back upon pictures of what he was ten or twenty or thirty years ago; but have you ever had a picture taken of what you may be and what you will be if you seek after God and feel the Spirit's regenerating power? Where shall I plant the camera to take the picture? I plant it on this platform. I direct it toward you. Sit still or stand still while I take the picture. It shall be an instantaneous picture. There! I have it. It is done. You can see the picture in its imperfect state and get some idea of what it will be when thoroughly developed.

There is your resurrected body, so brilliant that the noonday sun is a patch of midnight compared with it. There is your soul, so pure that all the forces of diabolism could not spot it with an imperfection. There is your being, so mighty and so swift that light from heaven to Mercury or Mars or Jupiter and back again to heaven would not weary you, and a world on each shoulder would not crush you. An eye that shall never shed a tear. An energy that shall never feel a fatigue. A blow that shall never throb with pain. You are young again, though you died of decrepitude. You are well again, though you coughed or shivered yourself into the tomb. Your every day associates are the apostles and prophets, and martyrs, and most exalted souls, masculine or feminine, of all the centuries. The Archangel to you no embarrassment. God Himself your present and everlasting joy. That is an instantaneous picture of what you may be, and what I am sure some of you will be. If you realize that it is an imperfect picture, my apology is what the apostle John said, "It doth not yet appear what we shall be." "To this end was I born." If I did not think so I would be overwhelmed with melancholy.

The world does very well for a little while, eighty, or a hundred or a hundred and fifty years, and I think that human longevity may yet be improved up to that prolongation, for now there is so little room between our cradle and our grave we cannot accomplish much, but who would want to dwell in this world for all eternity! Some think this earth will finally be turned into a heaven. Perhaps it may, but it would have to undergo radical repairs, and through diminations and evolutions and revolutions and transformations infinite, to make it desirable for eternal residence.

All the east winds would have to become west winds, and all the winters changed to springtimes, and the volcanoes extinguished, and the oceans chained to their beds, and the epidemics forbidden entrance, and the world so fixed up that I think it would take more to repair this old world than to make an entirely new one. But I must say I do not care where heaven is if we can only get there, whether a garden-ized America, or an emparadised Europe, or a world central to the whole universe. "To this end was I born." If each one of us could say that we would go with faces shining and hopes exhilarant amid earth's worst misfortunes and trials. Only a little while and then the rapture. Only a little while and then the reunion. Only a little while and then the transfiguration.

In the Seventeenth century all Europe was threatened with a wave of Asiatic barbarism, and Vienna was especially besieged. The king and his court had fled, and nothing could save the city from being overwhelmed unless the king of Poland, John Sobieski, to whom they had sent for help, should, with his army, come down for the relief; and from every roof and tower the inhabitants of Vienna watched and waited and hoped, until on the morning of September 11 the rising sun threw an unusual and unparalleled brilliancy. It was the reflection of the swords and shields and helmets of John Sobieski and his army coming down over the hills to the rescue; and that day, not only Vienna, but Europe, was saved. And see you not, oh, ye souls besieged with sin and sorrow, that light breaks on the swords, and the shields, and the helmets of divine rescue bathed in the rising sun of heavenly deliverance? Let everything else go rather than let heaven go. What a strange thing it must be to feel one's self born to an earthly crown, but you have been born for a throne on which you may reign after the last monarch of all the earth shall have gone to dust.

I invite you to start now for your own coronation, to come in and take the title deeds to your everlasting inheritance. Through an impassioned prayer take heaven and all of its raptures. What a poor farthing is all that this world can offer you compared with pardon here and life immortal beyond the stars, unless this side of them there be a place large enough and beautiful enough and grand enough for all the ransomed. Wherever it be, in what world, whether near by or far away, in this or some other constellation, hail home of light and love and blessedness! Through the atoning mercy of Christ, may we all get there.

Safety in Rapid Ocean Tavel.

The recent fine performances of some of the Atlantic liners has raised again the question of the safety of ocean racing. It is now clearly established that the risks incurred by ocean travelers are lessened rather than increased by the conditions of racing. When a vessel is being pushed to her utmost limit the spirit of rivalry becomes infectuous, and every one on board, from the captain to the stoker, is apt to be eagerly interested in the result. Every one is working at high tension and the work is full of snap. Every one is on the alert, and excessive vigilance is exercised in every department. Fires are carefully tended and the bearings of the machinery are watched with unusual care to guard against overheating under the tremendous friction to which they are being subjected. This redoubled vigilance unquestionably lessens the danger of accidents in the engineer's department, but there is still the liability to collision to be considered. This danger is never absent from the mariner's calculations, but it is a well known fact that a vessel going at a high rate of speed is more perfectly under the control of her helm than one steaming at a lower rate. In this respect apparent recklessness is often the height of prudence. Navy captains have often saved their vessels from disaster by throwing the throttles wide open, when slacking of speed would have been fatal.—*New York Telegram.*

A monument to mark the spot where Henry Hudson landed prior to the discovery of the Hudson River will be erected on the Atlantic Highlands of New Jersey, and dedicated September 9 next.

THE LAND OF THE AFTERNOON

I know a wonderous land of pearl
And pink and golden gleam,
Above whose battlements of cloud
Broad crimson banners stream.

Beyond the azure depths of noon,
Far down the west it lies,
Its gate, the setting sun, is cleft
Through the saffron-colored skies.

Its seas are floods of amber light,
Where stately cloud-ships sail,
And violet mists its silvery domes
And palace walls enveil.

Athwart the dewy shadows, that
Forever eastward creep,
The long-winged swallows, silently
In mazy circles sweep.

It is the realm of finished toil—
To weary hands a boon—
And twixt the day and twilight lies
This Land of the Afternoon.

Good Housekeeping.

SCIENTIFIC.

A wood-carving machine is successful.

Terrorite is more powerful than dynamite.

A full moon reflects 1-3000th part of the sun's light.

A pound of phosphorus is sufficient to pit 1,000,000 matches.

Cherra Poongee, in the Assam, Asia, hills has a rain fall of over 500 inches per annum.

Mr. Holmes, of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England, has invented a dynamo for lighting trains.

A Swedish cavalry officer has invented a horseshoe on which the calks and clips are changeable.

A street railroad to be operated by motor run by fuel oil will soon be in operation near Prague.

A standard of color has become necessary, and is being sought by the London Society of Arts.

A fly lays 320 eggs during a summer. The progeny of a single fly may from June 1 to September 30 exceed two millions.

It is said that men with the worst cases of Bright's disease prolong their lives for years on a diet of buttermilk.

The Philadelphia mint has installed an Eddy electric motor of twenty-five horse-power which is run by wires from the street.

It is estimated that twenty thousand horse-power will be required for the electric lighting plant of the Columbian Exposition.

Observation step-ladders are to be used in the Belgian artillery, the object being to enable a commander to better direct the fire of his gunners.

The Michigan Central Railroad has in use a new machine that does the work of 300 men in scraping the dirt dumped alongside of the track to the edges of the fill.

A spring has been discovered in Greenville, N. H., which contains an almost phenomenal amount of lithium, even more, it is said, than the famous spring at Londonderry.

In Spanish countries brickdust is highly prized for mixture with lime and sand, the compound being an excellent substitute for hydraulic cement.

Watch crystals are made by blowing a sphere of glass about one yard in diameter; after which the disks are cut from it by means of a pair of compasses having a diamond at the extremity of one leg.

A device has been invented by which an engine may be stopped on any floor of a building by simply pressing a button, thus making an electrical connection with the governor of the engine.

The well that is being bored at Wheeling, W. Va., in the interests of science has reached the depth of three-fourths of a mile. Progress is being made at the rate of about ten feet a day.

Winter forcing of tomatoes is very profitable, especially near large cities. A high temperature, plenty of sun-light, and great care in the growing are all that is required to produce good results.

It has been noticed in France that those persons engaged in cleaning out the apparatus used in refining petroleum are subject to a skin disease resembling the cancer of chimney sweepers.

A toilet brush is made of two halves which are hinged and are detachable, one half being the brush and the other half the mirror, while in the space between is a comb, a tooth brush and a button-hook.

The Munich Poeller Physical and Optical Institute have constructed for the Chicago Exhibition an enormous microscope, manipulated by the aid of electricity. It has a magnifying power of 11 000 linear prespective and has cost $8750.

Inventors would find scope for their talents in devising "a car ventilating system which would draw out the hot air, supply fresh air, exclude dust and at the same time be practicable and economical."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 25. 1891.

Christ Comforting his Disciples.

LESSON TEXT.

(John 14 : 1-3, 15-27. Memory verses, 1 3.)

LESSON PLAN.

TOPIC OF THE QUARTER: *Jesus the Son of God.*

GOLDEN TEXT FOR THE QUARTER: *These are written, that ye might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye might have life through his name.*—John 20 : 31.

LESSON TOPIC: *The Son Assuring Comfort.*

LESSON OUTLINE:
1. The Heavenly Home, vs. 1-3.
2. The Coming Comforter, vs. 15-17, 25, 26.
3. The Present Christ, vs. 18 24.
4. The Abiding Peace, v. 27.

GOLDEN TEXT: *I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter, that he may abide with you for ever.*—John. 14 : 16.

DAILY HOME READINGS:

M.—John 14: 1-3, 15-27. The Son assuring comfort.
T.—John 14 : 4-14, 28-31. Words of cheer.
W.—John 16 : 1-15. Work of the Comforter.
T.—John 16 : 16-33. Peace in Christ.
F.—Acts 2: 1-16, 37-47. The Comforter at work.
S.—Acts 7 : 54-60. The present Christ.
S.—2 Tim. 4 : 6-22. The present Christ.

LESSON ANALYSIS.

I. THE HEAVENLY HOME.

I. The House:

In my Father's house are many mansions (2).
We shall be satisfied with the goodness of thy house (Psa. 65 : 4).
Make not my Father's house a house of merchandise (John 2 : 16).
A house not made with hands (2 Cor. 5 : 1).

II. The Preparation:

I go to prepare a place for you (2).
It is for them for whom it hath been prepared (Matt. 20 : 23).
Inherit the kingdom prepared for you (Matt. 25 : 34).
Things God prepared for them that love him (1 Cor. 2 : 9).

III. The Reception:

I....will receive you unto myself (3).
They shall become one flock, one shepherd (John 10 : 16).
Where I am, there shall also my servant be (John 12 26).
So shall we ever be with the Lord (1 Thess. 4 : 17).

II. THE COMING COMFORTER.

I. Abiding:

That he may be with you for ever (16).
He abideth with you (John 14 : 17).
Thou shalt see the Spirit descending, and abiding (John 1 : 33).
The anointing which ye have received of him abideth (1 John 2 : 27).

II. Indwelling:

He....shall be in you (17).
They were all filled with the Holy Spirit (Acts 2 : 4).
Stephen, a man full of....the Holy Spirit (Acts 6 : 5).
The Holy Ghost which is in you (1 Cor. 6: 19).

III. Teaching:

He shall teach you all things (26).
He shall guide you into all the truth (John 16 : 13).
Men spake from God, being moved by the Holy Ghost (2 Pet. 1 : 21).
His anointing teacheth you concerning all things (1 John 2 : 27).

III. THE PRESENT CHRIST.

I. Returning:

I come unto you (18).
They shall see the Son of man coming (Matt. 24 : 30).
Jesus....shall so come in like manner (Acts 1 : 11).
The Lord himself shall descend from heaven (1 Thess. 4 : 16).

II. Manifesting:

Ye behold me....I....will manifest myself (19-21).
A little while, and ye shall see me (John 16 : 16).
I manifested thy name unto the men (John 17 : 6).
The life....was manifested unto us (1 John 1 : 2).

III. Abiding:

We will....make our abode with him (23).
He went in to abide with them (Luke 24 : 29).
Abide in me, and I in you (John 15 : 4).
Christ liveth in me (Gal. 2 : 20).

IV. THE ABIDING PEACE.

I. Peace from Christ:

Peace I leave with you (27).
He shall never suffer the righteous to be moved (Psa. 55 : 22).
He is our peace, who made both one (Eph. 2 : 14).
Grace to you and peace....from Jesus Christ (Rev. 1 : 4, 5).

II. Peace in Believers:

My peace I give unto you (27).
Ye shall find rest unto your souls (Matt. 11 : 29).
On earth peace among men (Luke 2 : 14).
The peace of God....shall guard your hearts (Phil. 4 : 7).

III. Peace Amid Troubles:

Let not your hearts be troubled (27).
He hath redeemed my soul in peace from the battle (Psa. 55 : 18).
Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace (Isa. 26 : 3).
In me....peace. In the world....tribulation (John 16 : 33).

Verse 1.—"Let not your heart be troubled." (1) The troubles of humanity; (2) The consolations of Christ.—(1) Trouble felt; (2) Trouble banished.

Verse 2.—"In my Father's house are many mansions." (1) The Son's message; (2) The Father's house; (3) The many mansions; (4) The appointed occupants.

Verse 3.—"I come again, and will receive you unto myself." (1) The impressive coming; (2) The triumphal reception.—(1) The Lord's coming; (2) The saints' reception.

Verse 16.—"I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter." (1) The Son's prayer; (2) The Father's gift; (3) The Comforter's coming.

Verse 19.—"Because I live, ye shall live also." (1) Humanity's death shared by the Lord; (2) The Lord's life shared by humanity.

Verse 21.—"He it is that loveth me." (1) The Lord's test of love to himself; (2) The Lord's reward of love to himself.

Verse 23.—"We will come unto him, and make our abode with him." (1) The honorable guests; (2) The honored host; (3) The honoring visit.

Verse 26.—"He shall teach you all things." (1) The Teacher; (2) The pupils; (3) The instruction.

Verse 27.—"Peace I leave with you." (1) The Lord's rich legacy; (2) The Lord's favored legatees.—(1) Peace from Jesus; (2) Peace for men.

Verse 27.—"Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be fearful." (1) Trouble and fears anticipated; (2) Trouble and fears allayed.

LESSON BIBLE READING.

WORK OF THE HOLY SPIRIT.

Testifies of Christ (John 15 : 26; John 2 : 22).
Teaches believers (John 14 : 26; 1 John 2 : 27).
Dwells with believers (John 14 : 16, 17.)
Imparts hope (Rom. 15 : 13; Gal. 5 : 5.)
Begets love (Rom. 5. : 3-5; Gal. 4 : 6).
Begets joy (Rom. 14 : 17; Gal. 5 22; 1 Thess. 1 : 6).
Edifies the Church (Acts 9 : 31; John 16 : 13, 14).
Convicts the world (John 16 : 8-11).

LESSON SURROUNDINGS.

INTERVENING EVENTS.—The last lesson is followed, in John's narrative, by a reference to the betrayer, which becomes more specific. The disciples ask "Is it I?" and Peter beckons to John to inquire of whom the Lord is speaking. Jesus answers. According to Matthew and Mark, the sign was the dipping into the dish at the same time; according to John, he gave a "sop" to Judas, who also had inquired "Is it I?" Probably Judas withdrew at once, before the Lord's Supper was instituted, though this is disputed. The giving of the bread and wine (probably the third cup of the passover supper) is more naturally placed before the prediction of the denial of Peter. (This prediction may have been repeated on the way to Gethsemane. Compare Matthew and Mark.) The incident about the swords (Luke) is most naturally placed immediately before the lesson. The Hallel was probably sung after the long discourse from which the lesson is taken.

PLACE.—The upper room in Jerusalem, where the passover meal was eaten.

TIME.—In the evening of Thursday, the 14th of Nisan; that is, April 6, A. U. C. 783,—A. D. 30.

PERSONS.—Our Lord and eleven disciples, Judas having gone out.

INCIDENTS.—The discourse begins with an implied reference to the preceding prediction, which had doubtless amazed the disciples. They are shown how they can "follow afterwards." The "say" thither is shown, in reply to Thomas, and a remark of Philip leads to an assertion of our Lord's unity with the Father, and a promise of power to the believer that the Father may be glorified in the Son. Loving Christ, they will obey Christ, and he will ask the Father for another Comforter, who shall abide with them. A future vision of Christ is promised, and Judas (not Iscariot) inquires about this manifestation. The answer makes it dependent on loving Christ and keeping his words, which are those of the Father. The Holy Spirit is again promised to bring these words to their remembrance, and his own peace is pledged to them to guard against trouble and fear.

There is no parallel passage.

Wouldn't Take the Case.

A lawyer in whom an instinct of justice had survived the wreck of his ignorance of law was retained for the defense of a burglar who had been taken by the officers after a desperate struggle with some one not in custody. In consultation with his client the lawyer asked: "Have you accomplices?" "Yes, sir," replied the burglar, "I have two, but neither has been taken. I hired one to defend me against capture, and the other to defend me against conviction." This answer deeply impressed the lawyer, and, having ascertained that the burglar had accumulated no money in his profession, he threw up the case.

Intelligent Enterprise.

With the increase of typographic literature there has come a wider interest in typography. Intelligent readers of books and newspapers have learned that composition is one of the most exacting occupations a man can follow, requiring that anything like its proper performance good eyes, nimble fingers and a physical organization capable of sustained effort. Standing at the case and picking up type at any speed is no weakling's effort, and no delicate or impaired physique can stand the strain for any length of time.

IN OCTOBER.

"The partridge drums; the plover's cal.
Salutes the Scotian's ear,
And just above the wate fall
The fisher sets his weir.

The reddened leaves with withered wings
Sweep lightly to the sod.
And Autumn walks the land and sings,
With rustling sandals shod."

E. N. GUNNISON in *Century*.

The woods and fields are glowing in all the royal pomp of Autumn, and even the gardens are not yet shorn of all their glories. Beds of purple and white and tinted asters are blooming brightly, dear pansies still smile a tender good bye; chrysanthemums are regal in golden tints and nasturtiums blaze in the borders.

This is a busy month for the flower-lovers. Shrubs must be cared for and weak or diseased branches pruned out, the whole plant being brought into symmetrical shape. Dig up and mellow the soil and a little later if not entirely hardy, tie up with straw or evergreen branches or bind about some coarse matting for protection.

We have in a previous article called attention to the Iris as a most desirable bulbous plant of delicate beauty and hardy habit. A bed planted in October and covered well with leaves during the winter will become well established and bloom better the succeeding summer than if set out in Spring.

Take up plants for winter blooming and see that they are quite free from insects or mildew before arranging them in conservatory or window garden.

Be sure that crocks for repotting are thoroughly clean and free from mould.

Pot roses for winter blooming, pruning well back and being careful not to use too large a pot; do not keep them too warm and shower them well every day. This will keep away the little red spider which works such havoc with the foliage. A number of small bulbs may be planted together in a pot.

Polyanthus Narcissus, too, so easily grown in water will give as much pleasure and satisfaction as Hyacinths and is a welcome change from these old favorites.

It requires but little trouble to have some sort of flowers blooming all winter long.

FERNERIES.

A fernery, or at least a substitute for one can be easily made at home.

Make a wooden tray and have it carefully zinc-lined; then construct a frame fitted with panes of glass. It is not necessary to have it air tight and a handy boy can make a frame. A small one will do, but the larger it is the finer plants can be raised in it.

The tray should be some four inches deep and filled with soil from the woods which is light and full of leaf-mould. It can be filled with mosses and ferns from our own woods, some of them quite as handsome as any high-priced ones from the florists, and there are many little trailing vines and plants with feathery foliage such as ground pine and squaw berry which are quite as handsome as ferns and take to confinement naturally. It must be kept constantly moist and moderately warm, and there is unlimited room for the exercise of taste in arranging the mosses and trailing plants.

The beauty of the fernery will be enhanced if it be placed so that baskets of such plants as the so-called "Kenilworth Ivy," Wandering Jew, Oxalis and similar trailers may be hung near it, and if a stately palm or foliage plant of luxuriant growth stands somewhere in the neighborhood that will also add to the effect.

Much can be done, even with a few plants by grouping them so that each sets off the others beauty and a stiff and ungraceful arrangement will destroy the charm of very handsome plants. Colors and plant forms require skill and taste in combining to show off their full beauty as much as the ribbons and laces, flowers and feathers which in dainty combinations show the skill of an artistic milliner.

TOMATOES FOR THANKSGIVING.

A practical suggestion is given by a correspondent of Vick's magazine, how to save the late tomatoes, and make them available long after frost has taken all garden vines:

Not canned either, but fresh from the vines, and in latitude 43 degrees. I had half a dozen with our Thanksgiving dinner—have had them yearly, and one season had them as late as Christmas, but on that occasion the Tomatoes were not much to brag about. Possibly many of your readers can tell the same story, but as I have never seen the subject alluded to in the pages of the *Magazine*, I shall, with your permission, tell the "how."

As late as possible before frost I dig up some of the strongest vines full of green Tomatoes and hang them up by the roots in a frost-proof cellar. The fruit will gradually ripen, and you can have a few every Sunday. They do not color so deeply, nor taste so strongly as those grown in the open air, the color being a pale pink; and the tomatoes tasting cool, sweet and juicy. After this date, especially if there is any humidity in the cellar, those that are left on the vines begin to get soft and pulpy and soon decay.

I formerly hung them up with the roots exposed; but this season I enveloped them in paper flour sacks, which was an improvemeat, as being more cleanly. The foregoing is a very simple experiment, and will prolong the enjoyment of fresh garden sauce for several weeks.

THE COLCHICUM.

The Colchicum is a species of Crocus more generally known as the "Autumn-flowering crocus," says a writer in *The Mayflower*, recommending this bulb for Autumn planting:

It is a bulb which has been sadly overlooked in this country, for though old and well known in Europe it is quite new and unknown here. The bulbs are large, even larger than a Tulip, and perfectly hardy They bloom in October no matter where they are—whether they are in the ground, or whether they are lying around on shelves dry and loose. They bloom when they possess neither roots nor foliage. Plant in the Autumn and in early Spring they will produce a rank growth of foliage which will, however, die down in June, and you will see nothing more of them until October when the beautiful flowers will rise up from the ground, several in a bunch, and take you by surprise. The flowers are borne on stems eight to twelve inches in length and are about the size and shape of a Zephyranthes. The colors are varied and exceedingly delicate, white, blush, pink, rose, crimson, spotted, etc. They can be planted right on the lawn among the grass and when in bloom in October will present a beautiful sight.

The tongue of the giraffe is nearly a foot and a half long.

Mr. H. Wilken, Leonville, writes: Dear Sir: The box of St. Bernard Vegetable Pills, as also your letter, were duly received regarding the pills. I would say that they are excellent. I am suffering nearly three years from internal injury also called rupture and am also troubled with costiveness. I have tried a great many remedies both family and doctor's remedies, but so far have found nothing better than these pills, when taken regularly.

The peach was originally a very poisonous fruit, but by cultivation the poison has disappeared.

Don't Let Them Die.

Many children die annually with Croup that might be saved if Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure was promptly administered. Remember it. Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of 50 cts. Address A. P. Hoxsie, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Oldtown Indians in Maine have a curious law which forbids palefaces to be on their island after a certain hour in the evening.

S. K. COBURN, Mgr., Clarie Scott, writes: "I find Hall's Catarrh Cure a valuable remedy." Druggists sell it, 75c.

A New York firm buys duplicate wedding presents.

Will Fight to a Finish.

As long as the fight lasts among the wall paper manufacturers, the Fidelity Wall Paper Co., of No. 12 N. 11th St., Philadelphia, will give the public the advantage of the drop in prices. We get this from them direct. Send four two cent stamps for samples of their 8, 10 and 12 cent gilts.

Carrier pigeons recently made the distance between Nuremburg and Vienna, 310 miles, in less than four and a half hours.

FITS: All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St. Phila., Pa.

It is stated that in Tangier, Algeria, locusts fall in the streets like rain, and the sound of their falling resembles a heavy shower.

RUPTURE. I, Jacob Genscheimer, of Clayton, N. J., have been thoroughly cured of my rupture by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila. I do the hardest kind of lifting and wear no truss. Go to see him. Dr. Mayer also gives treatment at Hotel Penn, Reading, Pa., on the 2d Saturday and following Sunday of each month.

When a Kansas farmer has been sold out by a sheriff to satisfy a mortage, he is then known as a "whereas," because the writ of attachment begins with a "whereas."

Cann's Kidney Cure for Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, Bright's, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases, Nervousness, &c. Cure guaranteed. 831 Arch Street, Philad'a. $1 a bottle, 6 for $5, or druggist. 1000 certificates of cures. Try it.

A citizen of Greencastle, Md., has trained his rat-terrier to hatch ou spring chickens, and the little fellow does it thoroughly. He is now sitting on goose-eggs.

"Don't feel well," and yet you are not sick enough to consult a doctor,—we will tell you just what you need. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which will lift you out of that uncertain, uncomfortable, dangerous condition, into a state of good health, confidence and cheerfulness.

Sawdust is used instead of hair in mortar.

41 752

"August Flower"

For two years I suffered terribly with stomach trouble, and was for all that time under treatment by a physician. He finally, after trying everything, said stomach was about worn out, and that I would have to cease eating solid food for a time at least. I was so weak that I could not work. Finally on the recommendation of a friend who had used your preparations with beneficial results, I procured a bottle of August Flower, and commenced using it. It seemed to do me good at once. I gained in strength and flesh rapidly; my appetite became good, and I suffered no bad effects from what I ate. I feel now like a new man, and consider that August Flower has entirely cured me of Dyspepsia in its worst form. JAMES E. DEDERICK, Saugerties, New York.

A worn-out Stomach.

W. B. Utsey, St. George's, S. C., writes: I have used your August Flower for Dyspepsia and find it an excellent remedy.

A woman who can see.

She's the woman who gets well. It's the woman who *won't* see and won't believe who has to suffer.

And it's needless. There's a medicine—a legitimate medicine—that's made to stop woman's suffering and cure woman's ailments. It's Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's purely vegetable and perfectly harmless—a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, imparting vigor and strength to the whole system. For periodical pains, weak back, bearing-down sensations, nervous prostration, and all "female complaints," it's a positive remedy. It improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

No other medicine for women is *guaranteed*, as this is. If it fails to give satisfaction, in any case, the money paid for it is refunded. You pay only for the good you get. On these terms it's the *cheapest*.

But more than that, it's the *best*.

POULTRY for PROFIT

FARM-POULTRY

a practical poultry magazine; best poultry paper published; sent on trial, six mo's, 25c., or one year 50c., if you mention this paper. Sample free. L. S. Johnson & Co., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL MAKE HENS LAY LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

Highly concentrated. Dose small. In quantity costs less than a cent a day. Prevents and cures all diseases. Good for young chicks and moulting hens. Sample for 25 cts. in stamps, five packs $1. Large 2 1-4 lb can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.25. L. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

AMERICAN CATARRH CURE

One Bottle Cures.

Sold by Druggists, or mailed to any address for $1. Stops the dropping in the throat in one week; removes the bad breath and headaches; restores the hearing and sense of smell; improves the appetite and invigorates the system. Prepared by DR. WM. B. JONES, Specialist in Catarrh, 48 N. 11th Street, Phila., Pa. Consultation and advice *Free*. 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. Symptom blanks and testimonials mailed free to any address. AMERICAN NEURALGIA CURE *cures* Neuralgia, 25c. by mail.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations,

Rheumatism, Neuralgia,

Frostbites, Chilblains, Headache, Toothache, Asthma,

DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs. It Was the First and is the Only PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

MALARIA

Chills and Fever, Fever and Ague Conquered.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

BE SURE TO GET RADWAY'S.

FOR FIFTY YEARS!

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used by mothers for their children while Teething, for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.

Twenty-five Cents a Bottle.

WE WANT A lady in your vicinity to act as our agent, and sell our Parisian Complexion Cream, the magical Beautifier. It positively removes Pimples, Tan, Freckles, and all blemishes. Sells at sight for 25 Cents Per Bottle.

For terms and particulars, send 2 Cent stamp.

FRANCO-AMERICAN MFG. CO.

237 North Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HOME STUDY, BOOK-KEEPING, *Business forms, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Shorthand, etc.*, THOROUGHLY TAUGHT BY MAIL. Circulars free. Bryant's College, 457 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

PATENTS W. T. Fitzgerald, Washington, D. C. 40-page book free.

AGENTS make 100 PER CENT and win $763 CASH Prizes on my Corsets, Belts, Brushes and Medicines. Sample free. Territory. Dr. Bridgman, 352 B'way, N.Y.

SALESMAN WANTED. Salary and expenses paid. BROWN BROS. CO. Rochester, N.Y.

THE "RIDDEN HAND."—Alfred de Bonclaque returns from his club with a black eye.

"Who has done that?" inquires a friend.

"That little fellow Zede threw his glove at me."

"His glove? And leave a mark like that?"

"You see, he had left his hand in it."

The Record

Of cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla has never been surpassed in the history of medicine. And the constant stream of letters from people who were almost in despair but were cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is very gratifying. Because of these we urge all who suffer from Scrofula, Salt Rheum or any other disease caused by impure blood or low state of the system, to try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS—Invigorate the liver, regulate the bowels. Effective, but gentle. Price 25c.

HUMOROUS.

Jump into notice—frogs.

Good all round desert—pie.

Shine in the city—bootblacks.

Not a poem—the lay of a hen.

Result of a squeeze—lemonade.

The real tennis blazer—the sun.

A day-scholar—The pupil of the eye.

The love of show is a sort of pompadore.

A commanding presence—The subpœna.

Old age tells on one and so does youth.

Cupid is ex officio a member of every archery club.

A lounge is sometimes used in the bed's-stead.

It takes the yellows to gives the peach growers the blues.

The modern girl often longs for such a Boaz Ruth had.

Always forgive your enemies—especially those you can't whip.

Hunger may sharpen the wits, but it puts a vicious wire-edge on the temper.

The knife-grinder ought not to be out of work in dull times.

It takes an unusually good swimmer now-a-days to float a loan.

Strange as it seems, a collector's work is dun
While it is doing and when just begun.

A cobbler would not be laying a heavy wager if he staked his awl.

There should be naught but admiration for an athlete's big feat.

A good man must stand on his dignity when he has nothing else to stand on.

Women may not be deep thinkers, but they are generally clothes observers.

Making both ends meet — when the head of the family foots the bills.

"When I work I frequently play."
"What is your business?"
"I'm a fireman."

The man who hasn't the capacity to attend to his own business always finds others to do it for him.

She—Don't you sing? Why, how stupid of you!

He—If you'd ever heard me you'd think it was everlasting smart of me.

After people take a spin it is quite natural for them to feel like a top.

If ignorance is bliss, the wonder is why so many people complain of being miserable.

"This is very well put," remarked the editor as he dropped the poem into the waste basket.

EXCESSIVE CAUTION.—Mother (horrified)—What did you let that young Snipkins kiss you for?

Daughter (meekly)—For only two minutes, mamma, and then I told him it was time to stop.

SLIGHTLY DIFFERENT.—Ethel—Miss Wabash is quite aristocratic, isn't she?

Maud—No, but her complexion is quite highly toned.

GENUINE ADMIRATION.—Miss Yellowleaf—The older one gets, the proverb says, the more one knows.

Miss Freshleaf—What an immense amount you must know, Miss Yellowleaf!

THE DIFFERENCE.

On leaden feet the time goes by
As you want for her at the pasture bars;
But oh, how swiftly the moments fly
When you're standing with her under stars.

To Dispel Colds,

Headaches and Fevers, to cleanse the system effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently cure habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, use Syrup of Figs.

A NEVER-FAILING SCHEME.—Hunker—The rain-inducing business is a new thing entirely, I believe?

Bloobumper—Nonsense! I could always bring on a smart shower by going out without an umbrella and with my boots nicely blacked.

PUTTING HIS WORD INTO PRACTICE.

An aged clergyman met a man loudly declaiming against foreign missions. "Why," asked the objector, "doesn't the church look after the heathen at home?"

"We do," said the clergyman quietly, and gave the man a tract.

A MOMENT'S INDISCRETION.—Count Spaghetti—Will-a you not-a let-a me have one lock-a your hair?"

Miss Nonsense—Certainly, Count. Cut it yourself.

The Count (absent-mindedly)—Shampoo?"

There are people who get credit for being good simply because they have poor health.

A STATIONERY CONVERSATION.—"You have so much address I can hardly be expected to compete with you," said the letter to the envelope.

"Now, don't get excited," replied the envelope, "because you know you can't contain yourself."

THE first woman to go as an explorer of the Arctic regions is Mrs. Robert E. Peary. Her husband, Lieut. Peary, of the United States Navy, is the commander of the expedition recently sent to Greenland under the auspices of the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences and the American and National Sciences and the American and National Geographical Societies. The object is to explore the unknown north coast of Greenland, and Lieutenant and Mrs. Peary will spend the winter in that country, in order to continue their explorations the following Spring.

"A woman best understands a woman's ills."

This is why thousands of women have been benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's advice, and cured by her remedies after all other treatment had failed. This is also why

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has been more successful in curing Female Complaints than any remedy the world has ever known.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. Liver Pills, 25c. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

IF YOU HAVE no appetite, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, "all run down" or losing flesh, you will find

Tutt's Pills

just what you need. They tone up the weak stomach and build up the flagging energies

HELPLESS.

Chicago, Ill.

I was confined to bed; could not walk from lame back; suffered 5 months; doctors did not help; 2 bottles of

ST. JACOBS OIL

cured me. No return in 5 years. FRANCIS MAURER.

"ALL RIGHT! ST. JACOBS OIL DID IT."

25 CTS **PISO'S CURE FOR** 25 CTS

Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.

CONSUMPTION

—ELY'S CREAM BALM—Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores Taste and Smell, and Cures

CATARRH

Gives Relief at once for Cold in Head.

Apply into the Nostrils.——It is Quickly Absorbed.

50c. Druggists or by mail. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y.

THE CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAYFEVER ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c

CONSTIPATION.

Constipation is one of the most common and painful diseases. It occurs most frequently with men and women who are forced by their profession to follow a sedentary mode of life and who through inclination or necessity are accustomed to partake of rich food. Although not dangerous in itself, it may give rise to serious disturbances in the general health of the patient, particularly if it is neglected, and in consequence takes deep root in the system. In former times it was customary to cure it with all kinds of drastic mixtures, powders and pills containing some injurious mineral substance. But this was driving out sin with Satan, because drastic purgatives, although they may afford a momentary relief, exercise a deleterious effect on the whole system and particularly on the vital organs and weaken the body if used continually. If this is sought to be avoided by partaking of particularly nourishing food, the digestive organs will in consequence cease to act properly, and then serious complications may arise which will threaten even the life of the patient. But the curative powers of the old drastic purgatives have been secured while their evil after-effects are avoided, by the use of St. Bernard Vegetable Pills. They are nothing but a vegetable compound without the addition of any injurious, deleterious or poisonous substances, being prepared only of the best medicinal herbs of the Alps. They act as a mild laxative and emollient, promote the excretion of undigestible matter without weakening the system. They are therefore the best blood purifier among all the many remedies known. This fact has been readily acknowledged by many prominent physicians of all countries as well as by thousands of grateful patients to whom they have afforded relief even under the most aggravated circumstances. The St. Bernard Vegetable Pills can be had of every first-class druggist. If your druggists haven't them send 25c. to "St. Bernard," Box 2416, New York City, and you will receive same postpaid by return mail.

PILES

ANAKESIS gives instant relief and is an INFALLIBLE CURE for PILES. Prices $1; at druggists', or by mail. Samples free. Address: "Anakesis." Box 2416, New York City.

SIR HENRY THOMPSON, the most noted physician of England, says that more than half of all diseases come from errors in diet.

Send for Free Sample of Garfield Tea to 319 West 45th Street, New York City.

GARFIELD TEA Overcomes results of bad eating; cures Sick Headache; restores Complexion; cures Constipation.

JONES' SCALES

— THE BEST —

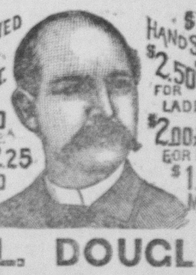
FULLY WARRANTED

5 TON SCALES $60 FREIGHT PAID

ADDRESS JONES OF BINGHAMTON, N.Y.

HAY FEVER & ASTHMA CURED TO STAY CURED. We want the name and address of every sufferer in the U. S. and Canada. Address, R. Harold Hayes, M.D., Buffalo, N.Y.

$5.00 HAND SEWED $4.00 HAND WELT $3.50 POLICE $2.50 $2.25 $2.00 FOR GENTLEMEN.



$3.00 HAND SEWED $2.50 $2.00 FOR LADIES $2.00 $1.75 FOR BOYS $1.75 FOR MISSES.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

The BEST SHOE in the World for the Money.

GENTLEMEN and LADIES, save your dollars by wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. They meet the wants of all classes, and are the most economical foot-wear ever offered for the money. Beware of dealers who offer other makes, as being just as good, and be sure you have W. L. Douglas Shoes, with name and price stamped on bottom.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you.

Patented Harderfol Hygienic Underwear

VENTILATED X X X CLOTHING X X INTER-AIR-SPACE X X

Adapted to all climates and variations of temperature. Sold by Leading merchants in principal cities. Illustrated catalogue mailed free on application to **Harderfold Fabric Co., Troy, N. Y.**

LEWIS' 98 % LYE

Powdered and Perfumed.

(PATENTED.)

Strongest and *purest* Lye made. Makes the *best* perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes *without boiling*. It is the best for softening water, cleansing waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG. CO., Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP,

For the skin, Scalp and Complexion. Result of 30 yrs' experience. For sale at Druggists' or by mail, 50c. Sample Cake and 128 p. book on Dermatology and Beauty, (Diseases of Skin, Scalp, Nervous and Blood disease and their treatment, sent sealed for 10c.; also Disfigurements like BIRTH MARKS, Moles, Warts, India Ink and Powder Marks, Scars, Pittings, Redness of Nose, Superfluous Hair, Pimples, &c., removed. 2015 B. WOODBURY, DERMATOLOGIST INSTITUTE, 125 West 42d St., N. Y. City. Consultation free, at office or by letter. Agents wanted in each place.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvelous Success.

Insane Persons Restored by Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER

For all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. Unfailing if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send name, P.O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

SICK Weak, Nervous, Wretched mortals get well and keep well. *Health Helper* tells how. 50 cts. a year. Sample copy free. Dr. J. H. DYE, Editor, Buffalo, N. Y.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES Sure relief Price 50 cts. by mail. Stowell & Co. Charlestown, Mass. **ASTHMA.**

THE CENTRE REPORTER

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous terms. $2 per year.

Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 insertions, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

CENTRE HALL, PA., THURS, OCT. 22.

HALL'S BAZAAR

COLLAR FOUNDATIONS.

"Medici," Butterick Pattern, No. 4018.
"Henry II," " " No. 4019.
"Bolen," " " No. 4017.

The most popular, and to nearly all women, the most becoming garment is one with a large rolling collar.

These foundations are made of strong Buckram, pressed in shape, and with them anyone can make them without crease or wrinkles. Price, 25, 30, 40c. For sale at

THE RACKET.

No. 9, Crider's Exchange, BELLEFONTE.

LOCAL ITEMS.

——Pay train went over the road last week.

——J. E. Kustaborder—thanks for a copy of Bellwood *Bulletin*.

——George Goodman, an aged citizen of Loganton, died last week.

——Apples are so plenty in the neighborhood that one party sold forty bushels for $1.25.

——Mrs. Emma Strohm, mother of the late Miss Beulah Strohm, is visiting her sister in Lewistown.

——Commissioner Jim Strohm spent Sunday with friends in and about Centre Hill.

——Cleve Dinges was home for a few days this week. He has just returned from the south.

——Charley Meyer came over from Bellefonte and spent Sunday with his parents.

——Esq. Houseman, Tusseyville's dispenser of justice, was in town Wednesday.

——A party of Penn township deer hunters are encamped in Brush mountain, west of Philip's creek.

——Mr. H. W. Kreamer, of Harper & Kreamer, is in Philadelphia purchasing goods for the fall and winter trade.

——The reason we lead the shoe trade is because we best satisfy the people for a genuine bargain.—Mingle, Bellefonte

——Have you received a bill of amount due on REPORTER? If so please send the needful. To the few who have responded, thanks.

——Jonathan Hess, a ninety-one year old citizen of Linden Hall, is at present taking a trip through Kansas visiting relatives.

——A stock company has finally been organized at Tyrone for the purpose of rebuilding the opera house destroyed some time ago by fire.

——Our merchants are now in the Eastern markets buying their stock of fall goods. Look out for something stunning when they return.

——That Druggist Murray is as spry and springy at near sixty years of age as some of our youths, was evidenced one day this week by his playing ball.

——G. W. Musser and John Hamilton of this county have been appointed delegates to the Farmers' Congress which will convene at Sedalia, Mo.

——There were no services in the Presbyterian church last Sabbath morning, Rev. Baskerville being absent, attending Synod at Scranton.

——Lewins, at the Philad. Branch Bellefonte, is disposing of stock very cheaply to make room for fall goods. A bargain is offered among his large stock

——Anna Stover, nee Rishel, consort of Jacob Stover, was born Sept. 30, '19, and died from paralysis at her home in Booneville, Oct. 8. '91. Aged 72 years and 8 days.

——Farmers are husking corn to get feed for their stock. Many, during the past year, had to buy feed at high prices, on account of the failure the previous year. The corn crop is large and fine.

——Wm. Meese, of Tusseyville, we are informed, intends removing from that place and locate in Illinois. Sorry that William should think thusly, as we do not like to see such a good fellow leave.

——Powers' shoe store, Bellefonte, was established over 21 years ago, and is the oldest store in the county. They are reliable and have a reputation and you cannot go amiss by purchasing of them.

——Valentine Reese, an old resident of Boggs township, this county, died on last Friday afternoon, aged 73 years. He was an old soldier, having been a member of the First Pennsylvania Cavalry during the late war. His remains were buried in the Bellefonte cemetery Monday, the services having been conducted by the Milesburg G. A. R. Post, of which he was an honored member.

What We Need.

A gentleman representing the Babcock Fire Extinguisher Co., was in town this week, with apparatus. He endeavored to sell a chemical engine to the boro, but the council did not purchase. Centre Hall could have elegant fire protection if only the proper appliances were in hand. A steamer is not necessary as there is sufficient pressure in our water mains to throw several streams of water over any building in town. A chemical engine we do not need. What we do want is plugs put in and several hundred feet of fire hose purchased. The water company have over one hundred feet of large fire hose and hose cart. The town is badly in need of fire protection and with the proper appliances we could have an efficient service. If the council are in a mood to consider the fire protection question let them work on this. It is a question of great importance and involves the safety of the valuable property of the town.

It Fits in other Towns.

The Philipsburg *Ledger*, of last week makes some remarks that would fit Centre Hall, and perhaps some other towns. The *Ledger* says: "We would like to say on our own hook that there are some liars and croakers in this town that ought to be killed for the town's benefit. There never was an enterprise proposed in Philipsburg that these miserable snarlers didn't set up a howl of "monopoly!" and "nigger in the woodpile" and endeavor to kill the enterprise in the bud. We don't know that they ever succeeded in smothering anything of much account but they have made it uphill work sometimes to bring enterprises to a realization through their wretched lies and misrepresentations, Every blessed thing that has been done to advance the town has been pulled through with these ravens perched on the tail board, croaking "ye can't do it." They seem to have a particular pick at Casanova, and we are free to say that Casanova has done more for Philipsburg than any man in it, and he has been misrepresented and maligned and abused more than any man in it.

Waived a Hearing.

Friday, at Altoona, was the time set for the hearing of W. H. Dill, president of the First National bank of Clearfield. He was not present, however, but was represented before United States Commissioner Ambrose by his attorneys. Bail was entered in the sum of $20,000 on each charge for the appearance of the accused before the United States court for trial. The charges are first entires and second, embezzling $76,000. Mr. Dill's sureties are: W. W. Betts, A. W. Lee, A. E. Patton and D. R. Fullerton. The case will now rest until the second Monday of November, when the court convenes at Pittsburg.

Way Behind.

The *Daily Gazette*, of Friday, was quite jubilant over the fact that the New York daily papers can now be had in Bellefonte the same day of publication. They were way behind across the mountain in that respect, and the *Gazette* says they were only able to secure this favor after a rigemarol of red tape. Centre Hall has had New York dailies for the last four years and thought nothing of it. One is not aware of the advantages he possesses until he knows what others have not.

None Better.

The real estate of the late Jacob Arney, dec'd., to be offered at public sale on Tuesday next, October 27th, comprises the finest tracts of land in the valley. The farms are all productive and have yielded large crops. The improvements are first-class, and the locations are convenient to markets, schools, churches, etc. For an opportunity to purchase a home or making an investment, one cannot go amiss by securing any of the tracts.

Cost Him One Hundred Dollars.

An editor sued a delinquent subscriber for eleven dollars. The delinquent claimed that he never subscribed for the paper and did not propose to pay. The judge instructed the jury that if the evidence disclosed the fact that the delinquent had taken the paper from the office or caused it to be so taken, should find for the plaintiff. It cost the man nearly a hundred dollars to settle what eleven dollars could have paid.

Death at Millheim.

Mrs. Mary, wife of Dr. S. G. Gutelius, of Millheim, died Thursday morning at 7 o'clock. Funeral Saturday morning at 10 o'clock. She was a daughter of ex-commissioner Enrhart, who died over twenty years ago. Mrs. Gutelius was ill only a few days, from an attack of paralysis. She was a lady well thought of, and a devoted member of the Reformed church.

Rain Machines Free.

We are now offering rain machines free to every REPORTER subscriber for the campaign, guaranteed to irrigate a 75 acre farm by simply pressing a button. We are ahead of all our cotemporaries in this offer. We will not be responsible for any floods caused by misuse of the machine.

——If in need of Fall and Winter underwear, don't forget the fact that the Philad. Branch has received a full and elegant line. Call and examine quality and price and you will be convinced that better cannot be done elsewhere.

Their Eyesight Restored.

Two recent and remarkable cases of restoration of eyesight have come to light in Altoona. We extract from the Altoona *Daily Times*, of 15 inst: Mr. Magnus Bender, of 1025 Second avenue, said that, finding his eyesight failing about a year ago, he called on Dr. Arney, who informed him that cataracts were forming on both eyes. After being entirely blind in the right eye for six months, and almost blind in the left, he again called on the doctor and requested him to operate on the right eye before the left one would be totally blind. The operation was performed the latter part of June last with the remarkable result that he could see immediately after the operation, and in two weeks' time walked out of doors with his eyes protected by dark glasses only. After five weeks had elapsed he was back at his usual work. The most remarkable fact is that he can read, by daylight or lamp light, the smallest print with the greatest ease. Mr. Bender says his left eye is now almost entirely blind and he will have the doctor perform a similar operation as soon as the cataract is ripe.

STILL MORE REMARKABLE.

The successful termination of Mr. Bender's case prompted Mr. W. T. Cook, of 1118 Fifth avenue, foreman of Pennsylvania Railroad blacksmith shops at Juniata, to allow Dr. Arney to operate upon the eyes of his wife, who was totally blind.

An examination proved that a cataract was formed in each eye. Mrs. Cook consented to an operation, which was performed on September 24th last, the doctor removing a cataract from the right eye, and October 3rd, ten days after the operation, when the doctor removed the dressing and put dark glasses on her eyes, she could once more see her husband and children, the first time in four years. She also said the operation was not painful and soon over, and that she could read newspaper print three weeks after having the operation performed.

There is not, perhaps, a happier woman in the world to-day than Mrs. Cook.

Dr. G. F. Arney, is a native of Centre Hall, and a son of Jacob Arney, dec'd. In 1889 he was appointed one of the medical staff of the Altoona Hospital, and has been honored with a re-election each year since. The Dr. in his boyhood was employed in the CENTRE REPORTER office, afterwards turned his attention to the medical profession, in which he has been quite successful.

An Electric Road Among the Probabilities.

An electric railway is among the future probabilities connecting Lemont and State College, a distance of three miles between the two points. A party of capitalists, who have the project in view were up last week and went over the proposed route. The traffic between Lemont and the College is quite large but the conveniences are inadequate and none of the best. Parties going by rail to State College have to be transported by wagon from Lemont, and it is thought the electric railway will be a paying venture. The road if built will meet with public favor, and it is to be hoped that it will not be built only on paper, but materialize in due time.

Race War.

On Wednesday evening of last week, at Bellefonte, several negroes assaulted Frank Williams, a popular young gentleman, knocking him down and kicking him until he became unconscious. This raised quite an excitement and a riot seemed imminent. The negroes were stoned and driven from the streets, and several arrests were made by the officers. The next morning wholesale arrests were made of colored men and a hearing given. They were bound over for appearance at court. Jim Fiedler, with his usual political proclivity, going upon their bonds, much to the disgust of the respectable citizens of the town, who wished them placed in jail. Of course, it would not do to have his intimate friends placed behind the bars.

A "D. D." Victimized:

Last week, a man came to Rev. J. R. Dimm, D. D., principal of Missionary institute, Selinsgrove, and represented himself as the guardian of three children whom he proposed to send to school. The doctor was requested by the stranger to make out a bill for the expence of the one for the term. The bill was $148. The stranger informed the doctor that as the latter did not know him, he probably would not want to recive his check, but be had one from another party on a bank in Maryland for $200. Dr. Dimm received the check and gave his own check for $52 in change. The stranger drew the $52 from the bank here, and the divine has just received a check marked "No Good."—*News Items.*

Cavalry Reunion.

The Seventh Pennsylvania Cavalry will hold a reunion at Troy, Bradford county, Pa., October 25th and 28th. Several of its members, who served in it during the war, were from this and Clinton counties, but their numbers are growing less at every annual reunion.

On His Feet Again.

Ex-Senator Wallace has paid the widows and orphans who were depositors in his bank dollar for dollar, and all depositors will be paid in full in due time. Coal land developement is again making the senator a very rich man. His friends everywhere will be glad to learn of his success, and that his energy and determination have been so fruitful to good results.

A Good Record.

Sugar Valley, says the Loganton *Journal*, has a record which no other valley in the State can equal, and we are pleased to mention it in order to enlighten some of our most pretentious neigborhoods on the subject.

During the past twenty years Sugar Valley has without making any splutter, reared and educated eighty-five school teachers, thirteen principals of graded schools, three county superintendents, ten ministers of the gospel, three foreign missionaries, two college professors, two historians, four lawyers, two editors, five doctors, three professors of music, two inventors, one explorer, and scores of tradesman, etc., every one of whom has met with success in life and were then and are now instruments in making the world better for the better privilege of living and having lived in it.

During the same period twelve large churches and twenty school houses have been erected, which shall always stand as monuments to the fame, the honor and the glory of the people. Six beautiful villages, one thriving borough and fifteen manufacturing establishments of different kinds have sprung into existence. Fifty years ago there were only a few settlers in Sugar Valley. The farms could be numbered on your fingers. Then it was a dreary wilderness, densely covered with tall stout pine, oak and hemlock trees. The forest extended from one end of the valley to the other, a distance of twenty-five miles.

Since that date all the thick forests, state of wilderness and the rusty old land marks have disappeared, and out of the seed planted and cultivated by our hardy, good and benevolent grandfathers and grandmothers, the beautiful healthy and fertile valley as we now see it has developed.

To-day Sugar Valley is inhabited by 2,500, as intelligent, industrious and progressive people as can be found anywhere and in every respect stands on a level equal to that of any other community within the confines of the United States. Our people are moral, social and generous They respect the good, love God and fear Satan. Suicide, embezzlement, gambling, robbery, selfishness, etc, are unknown to them.

Railroad Collision.

The Bellefonte *Democrat* says on Wednesday evening at about 4 o'clock a collision occurred on the Bald Eagle Valley R. R., a short distance beyond the nail works near Bellefonte. Through some misunderstanding or carelessness, the Snow Shoe train left Milesburg for Bellefonte, and the Cannon Ball express left here for Milesburg and Lock Haven at the same time. They were not running at a high rate of speed and as they came in sight of each other the engines were reversed, brakes put on and the men leaped from their engines. They met with a crash that threw the passengers from their seats. The Cannon Ball express engine was running with the tender ahead. The pilot of the Snow Shoe engine raised the tender up and it fell over the side of the track. No one was seriously injured. Engineer Temple was somewhat injured from his jump. Travel was delayed for several hours.

Will Remodel

The Reformed congregation in Centre Hall are contemplating remodeling and improving their house of worship. The ladies of the church have been holding festivals, etc., for the object of raising the funds and they have a goodly sum in the treasury for the purpose. It is expected the work will be gone ahead with in the spring. Some of the congregation are in favor of erecting a new building, and tear down the old. Anyway in the near future Centre Hall will have another house of worship it can be proud of.

Death of Mrs. Samuel Musser.

Mrs. Musser the wife of Samuel Musser, deceased, of near Penn Hall, died on last Monday evening. She had been ill for about one year, but for the past three months she has been confined to her bed. She was an excellent lady in every respect. The funeral took place on this Thursday morning, at nine o'clock, from her late residence near Penn Hall. She was the mother of five or six children, who survive her. Mr. Musser, her husband, died very suddenly several months ago.

Court House Improvements.

Last week the county commissioners entered into a contract with a firm of Rochester, N. Y., to have the prothonotary's and commissioner's vaults refurnished with new steel cases for filing away the documents. It is a new system and rearranges these two departments in a way that everything will be convenient and in a special place. The cases are perfectly fire proof and there will be no danger in case of fire, of these records being destroyed. The new furniture will arrive some time next March. Twenty counties in this state have adopted the same system.

County Commissioners' Convention.

The State Convention of County Commissioners of Pennsylvania met at Lancaster, and adopted resolutions for submission to the next Legislature for a demand for a revision of the road tax laws so as to make it necessary to pay road tax in cash, recommending the repeal of a tax lien to two years, and calling on the Legislature to repeal the new registry law. Several speeches were made on several subjects. Pittsburg was named as the next place of meeting.

LOCAL ITEMS.

——Miss Elsie Barr, of Tyrone, after a few weeks' visit at Squire Boal's, departed last week for a visit to friends at Bellefonte.

——At Powers' shoe store, Bellefonte, rubber goods in three grades can be purchased, firsts, seconds and thirds. From this selection you can have your choice in prices.

——Our invalid friend, Charles Derstine, has returned from a short visit to Lewistown. We trust Centre Hall's pure air and water will be beneficial to him.

——When you want a shoe that will give you satisfaction both in price and quality, go to Mingle's shoe store, Bellefonte. He guarantees all goods sold and you get a genuine article.

——A subscriber complains that a neighbor is a regular borrower of his REPORTER. That's wrong—your neighbor should subscribe and pay for his own paper, and die a happier man.

——Mr. Ira Grossman, of Tusseyville, paid us a call last week. Mr. Grossman had just returned from Clinton county, and expects to remove to that county in the spring, and engage in raising tobacco.

——A genuine men's all calf skin dress shoe for only $2.00. A first class dress shoe for ladies direct from one of the best manufactories in this country, which we can guarantee, only $2.00.—Powers' shoe store, Bellefonte.

——Major R. H. Forster, formerly of Bellefonte, but now of the secretary of internal affairs department, at Harrisburg, has been elected a member of the Loyal Legion of the United States commandery of Pennsylvania.

——If in need of anything in the boot or shoe line don't forget that Mingle, Bellefonte, has the finest line in the state from which to select. He guarantees all goods and you have good returns for your money.

——Every well dressed gentleman get his clothing from the Philad. Branch. Bellefonte. They can fit you out in anything you want, at a big bargain. You'll miss it greatly if you don't call to see his stock.

——Two of Bellefonte's budding scribes are wearing away the points of their pencils discussing the quality of a show which recently appeared in that town, and indulging in sarcasms. The boys only need a little more hair on the face and they will let the like alone.

——Henry Beck died at the home of his son, H. L. Beck, in Green township, Sep, 25, aged 85 years. Deceased was the father of fifteen children, six sons and nine daughters, seven having preceeded him to the spirit world. A widow eight children, thirty-six grandchildren survive him.

——Centre Hall will be quite well represented in Philadelphia this week. On Monday morning, Messrs. J. W. Wolf, H. W. Kreamer, D. J. Meyer, and Rev. Fischer and daughter Ella, were passengers on the 7.03 train. Mr. Adam Krumrine, of Tusseyville, and Mrs. Witmer Wolf, of Centre Hall, departed on Tuesday for same place.

——Cabbage is plenty and the sauerkraut crop will be correspondingly large. It is the National dish of the Germans, and found upon the tables of every first-class hotel in America. Sauerkraut un Speck are hitched together always, and Kings, Princes, Presidents, Governors up to the working class call for it when on the bill of fare.

——When in Bellefonte, if in need of foot wear of any description, there is no necessity to pass Powers' shoe store, as they have the stock to select from and allow none to lead them in low prices You can depend on a shoe or boot that they tell you is good, as they thereby understand the business and make no misrepresentations, either in advertising or selling goods.

Good Looks.

Good looks are more than skin deep, depending upon a healthy condition of all the vital organs If the Liver be inactive, you have a Bilious Look, if your Kidneys be affected you have a Pinched Look. Secure good health and you will have good looks. Electric Bitters is the great alterative and Tonic acts directly on these organs. Cures Pimples Blotches Boils and gives a good complexion. Sold at J. D. Murray's Drugstore, 50c. per bottle.

The Musicians' Guide.

Every music teacher, student or music lover should have this volume. It contains 200 pages of valuable musical information, with full description of over 10,000 pieces of music and music books, biographical sketches of over 150 composers, with portraits and other illustrations. Also a choice selection of new vocal and instrumental music and other attractive features. Upon receipt of eight two-cent stamps, to prepay postage, we will mail *free*, a copy of The Musicians' Guid, also a sample copy of Brainard Musical World, containing $2.00 worth of new Music and interesting reading matter. Address. THE S. BRAINARD'S SONS CO., Chicago, Ill.

A Yankee Sheriff Frightened.

A well known sheriff, who lives in Maine, had been given up to die with what his physician called Consumption, a friend advised the sheriff to try Pan-Tina Cough and Consumption Cure; recovery soon followed, much to the surprise of the doctor, who now prescribes it for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. Price 25 and 50 cents. Trial bottles free at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

His Body Terribly Mangled.

A shocking accident occurred at the Union Knitting Mills, whereby Isaac Cox was terribly mutilated, Red Flag Oil, the Famous Pain Cure was quickly applied, and recovery soon followed, you can try this great remedy for 25 cents,

If you want to drive away Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Poor Appetite, and all evils arising from a disordered Liver, use Dr. Lee's Liver Regulator. Trial bottles free at J. D. Murray's Drug Store.

There was a rat.
Under our house,
And it was wondrous wise,
It gnawed a hole,
Thro the cupboard floor,
And Sallie cast pepper in its eyes.

Grain Market.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY KURTZ & SON

Wheat	92
Rye	70
Corn	66
Oats new	30
Barley	40
Buckwheat	45

Produce at Stores.

Butter	14
Eggs	14
Lard	7
Shoulders	8
Ham	12
Tallow	4
Potatoes	25
Sides	6

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of Margaret Riter, dec'd., late of Centre Hall borough having been granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN RITER,
oct86t Executor.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.—PURSUANT TO an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre County, there will be exposed to public sale, at the residence of John Coldren, late of Gregg township, deceased, on Saturday, November, 14th 1891, at one o'clock p. m., the following described real estate; the property of John Coldren dec'd, to wit:

TRACT NO. 1 A fine farm about one mile South of Spring Mills, in Georges Valley, near Georges Valley church, adjoining lands of Samuel Harter, James G. Evans, James McCool, Emanuel Zettle, Hiram Kane and others, containing 102 acres and 80 perches. Thereon erected a good two story frame house and good frame barn, good outbuildings, water piped into the barnyard and a well at the house. Also an orchard of choice fruit. Convenient to churches, schools and stores.

TRACT NO. 2. Adjoining the above farm on the east and South, and also adjoining lands of James Evans and Samuel Harter, containing four acres and 150 perches.

TRACT NO. 3. Situate near Spring Mills, adjoining lands of Adam Grenoble, J. B. Fisher and others, containing five acres (nearly.)

Terms. One half cash and residue in one year with interest to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

JOHN KLINE, WILLIAM H. COLDREN,
Atty. Administrator.

ESTRAY.—A CHESTERWHITE SOW, about one year old, came to the premises of the undersigned, near Centre Hill, about three weeks ago. The owner is requested to pay charges and remove same.

22oct3t J. S. REISH.

LOST.—A WHITE AND RED SPOTTED heifer, rising three years, due to calf about his date, strayed from Henry Zeigler's clearing, tnear Linden Hall, sometime between August 1st and this date. Heifer is very neat, with regular curved horns. Any one knowing of her whereabouts or maintaining her will please notify the owner.

3t S. W. SMITH.
Centre Hall.

Wm. Wolf & Son.

J. Witmer Wolf, of our firm, departed this week for Philadelphia and New York for the purpose of purchasing a Fall and Winter line of goods for our store. His selections, if in accord with those made heretofore, will not be surpassed by any in the valley, but this trip he expects to exceed all others, and we are positive his expectations will be realized. With that assurance we can announce to our patrons that one of the finest and best line of Dry Goods, Notions, Underwear, Dress Goods, etc,, ever placed on our counters will be open for your inspection.

The goods will arrive this week yet, and be speedily unpacked. We invite you to call and look at them, as we know they will be stunning. and you need not purchase.

Don't fail to call and inspect the tasty selection.

Truly Yours,

WM. WOLF & SON.